TITLE 3.

ASSESSMENT.

TITLE III.

Duties of Assessors.

- SEC. 15. When assessor to make assessment roll and appraisal.
 - 16. Assessor may require tax-payer to furnish list of his taxable property in territory.
 - 17. Assessment roll, what to contain.
 - 18. City or village in which lots are situated, to be specified.
 - 19. Where person assessed is trustee, &c., how assessment to be entered.
 - 20. When boundaries to be given.
 - 21. Lands may be described by letters and abbreviations.
 - 22. Unoccupied lands of unknown persons how to be described.
 - 23. Assessment roll how made out.

Assessment and appralsal.

^t SEC. 15. At the time prescribed by law, the assessor in each county shall ascertain by diligent inquiry, the names of all persons liable to taxation in his county, and also all the taxable personal property, and all taxable real estate therein; and make out an assessment roll of all taxable property; and appraise the same, according to the provisions of the statutes relating thereto.

List of property.

Trustee,

Ac.

guardian,

SEC. 16. Every assessor shall require any person liable to be taxed in his county, to furnish him a list of his real estate, situate in his county liable to taxation, and a list of all his personal property, liable to taxation, in this territory, and shall require such person to make oath, that to the best of his knowledge and belief, such list contains a full and true account, of all his property liable to be taxed in such county; and if any person shall refuse to furnish such list, or to swear to the same, when required so to do by the assessor, such person shall forfeit and pay to the assessor, for the use of the county, the sum of twenty dollars, which sum may be recovered by motion in any court having jurisdiction of matters of debt or contract, to the amount of twenty dollars.

Assessment SEC. 17. The assessor shall set down in the assessment roll, in roll. 8 Denio separate columns, and according to the best information he can 608 7 do. obtain:

1. The names of all the taxable persons in his county;

2. A description of each tract or parcel of land to be taxed, specifying under separate heads, the township, range and section, in which the land lies; or if divided into lots and blocks, then the number of the lot and block;

3. The number of acres and parts of an acre, as near as the same can be ascertained, unless the land be divided into blocks and lots;

4. The full cash value of each parcel of land taxed;

5. The full cash value of all the taxable personal property owned by, or to be taxed to, such person, as provided by law;

6. The total valuation of all property taxed, real and personal. Location of SEC. 18. When lots are situated in any city, village, or town, a plat of which shall have been recorded, the city, village, or town, in which the same are situated, shall be specified in the assessment roll.

> SEC. 19. When any person is assessed as trustee, gnardian, executor, or administrator, a designation of his representative character shall be added to his name; and such assessment shall be entered

ASSESSMENT.

in a separate line from his individual assessment, and he shall be TITLE 8. assessed for the real estate, held by him in such representative character, at the full value thereof, and for all personal property held by him in such representative character.

SEC. 20. If the land assessed be less, or other than a subdivision Description according to the United States survey, unless the same be divided ries. into lots and blocks, so that it can be definitely described, it shall be described by giving the boundaries thereof, or in such other manner as to make the description certain.

SEC. 21. It shall be sufficient to describe lands in all proceedings what describe to assessing, advertising, or selling the same for taxes, by cription sufficient. initial letters, abbreviations, and figures to designate the township, range, section, or parts of a section, and also the number of the lots and blocks.

SEC. 22. Unoccupied lands, liable to taxation, when the name of m. or anthe owner is unknown, shall be described, and the value thereof occupied ands of unset down in the assessment roll, in a part thereof, separate from the known perother assessments, in the same manuer that lands of residents are required to be described, and the value thereof designated.

SEC. 23. The assessment roll shall be made out in tabular form, Assessment in separate columns, with appropriate heads, after the manner specified below, with such additional columns as may be deemed necessary, varying the same as circumstances may require, but as nearly as convenient, in the following form:

102	ASSESSMENT.
TITLE 3.	Names of Descrip Persons Taxed. Land
	Descript of Land.
	Section.
	.qidanwoT
	Range E. or W.
	Number of Acres.
	Valuation of Real estate.
	Valuation of Personal Property.
	Valuation of Personal ation of all Property. Property.
	Am't of Taxes,
	ion 59 MJ Range Valuation Valuation Valuation Valuation Valuation Valuation Property. Prop

LOTS

In the City, (Town or Village,) of _____, described according to the Map thereof, on record in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of said County.

Names of persons I a x e d.	No. of Lots.	Blocks.	Valuation of each Lot.	Valuation of all the Lots,	Valuation of Personal Property.	Total Valuation.	Am't of Tax.	Remarks.
					4			

TITLE IV.

Of the Manner of Assessing Taxes.

- SEC. 24. When county commissioners to examine and correct assessment roll. 25. County commissioners when to estimate and apportion amount of taxes to be raised.
 - 26. Power of commissioners to levy taxes for county purposes. Levy when to be made.
 - 27. Ib. Territorial purposes.
 - 28. Auditor when to transmit certified copy of assessment roll to territorial auditor.

 29. Duty of auditor on receiving same.
 30. County auditor to make certificate of taxes to be raised; certificates to whom to be delivered; warrant attached to assessment roll.

SEC. 24. The board of commissioners of each county, shall, at examination of assess-their session in September in each year, examine the assessment ment roll, roll of their county, and shall have power to correct the same, missioners. make alterations in the description of lands or other property upon such roll, when it shall be necessary to render such description conformable to the requirements of this chapter; and may make

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TITLE 4.

ASSESSMENT.

TITLE 4. any other alterations or corrections in such roll, as they shall deem necessary to make the same conform to the requirements of this chapter.

Estimates by SEC. 25. The board of commissioners of each county shall, at commission-

their session in September, in each year, estimate and determine the amount of moneys to be raised in their county, for county purposes, and apportion such amount, together with the amount of territorial and school tax, required by law to be raised in their county, according to the valuation of taxable property in their county for a year, and such determination shall be entered at large in their records.

Tax county venue.

ers.

SEC. 26. For the purpose of raising a revenue for county purposes, the board of county commissioners of each county in this territory, shall, at their session in September in each year, levy a tax on all taxable property in their county, which tax shall be sufficient in amount to defray the expenses of the county.

And territorial

SEC. 27. In addition to the tax required to be laid by the preceding section, the board of county commissioners shall, at the poses. same time they are required to levy a tax for county purposes, levy a tax of one mill on the dollar, upon all taxable property of their county for territorial purposes, which last-mentioned tax shall be added to the county tax, and collected at the same time, and in the same manner.

SEC. 23. Within thirty days after the assessment roll of any Copy of asroll to terri- county has been examined, corrected and approved by the board au- of county commissioners, the county auditor shall transmit to the torial ditor. territorial auditor a certified copy thereof, under the seal of the board.

SEC. 29. It shall be the duty of the territorial auditor, on receiv-Duty of auditor on receiving same ing such copies of the assessment rolls, to estimate the amount of tax to be collected in each county for territorial purposes, and make a statement thereof, and carefully preserve the same in his office, and he shall also deliver a certified copy of such statement to the territorial treasurer, who shall record the same in a book, kept for that purpose, and the territorial treasurer shall also charge the

> respective counties, with the amount of tax so ascertained to be raised in each. SEC. 30. The county auditor shall, within fifteen days after such

Auditor to make certiapportionment, make out two certificates of the several amounts ficates taxes leviapportioned, to be assessed upon the taxable property of the county. able, treasurer for territorial, county and school purposes, one of which he shall and sheriff. deliver or cause to be delivered to the county treasurer, and the other, with a transcript of the assessment roll aforesaid, shall be delivered to the sheriff of the county, to which certificate and assessment roll thus delivered, shall be attached a warraut in the Warrant attached to roll name of the United States, under the hand of the county auditor, and with the seal of the board of county commissioners thereto attached, commanding the said sheriff to collect the taxes charged in such transcript, by demanding payment of the persons charged therein, and making sale of the goods and chattels mentioned in such transcript, or any other goods and chattels of the respective persons charged therein, if necessary; and that he pay over the moneys col-

lected by him, by virtue of said warrant, to the county treasurer, and

return said warrant together with the transcript of the roll aforesaid. TITLE 5. and an account of his acts thereon, to the board of county commissioners, on or before the first Monday in April next ensuing the date thereof.

TITLE V.

Of the Collection and Return of Taxes.

SEC. 31. Sheriff to give notice of collection ; notice how given ; default of tax paver. 32. County orders payable for taxes to a certain amount; territorial tax to be paid in specie.

.33. No officer to purchase county orders at a discount.

34. Sheriff on payment of tax to give receipt, &c.; penalty for false return.

35. If tax unpaid, sheriff to levy same by distress and sale.

36. Notice of time and place of sale to be given : sale.

37. If purchase-money not paid, sheriff may re-sell or sue for same.

38. Proceedings of property distrained cannot be sold.

39. Surplus in case of sale to be returned to owner.

40. Double assessment how collected and returned. 41. How return of unpaid taxes to be made of lands doubly assessed, &c.,

42. Form of return.

43. Affidavit to be made and annexed to return; sheriff to be credited, &c.; his fees for making return.

44. Upon settlement, amount of delinquent taxes to be credited to sheriff.

45. Sheriff liable to indictment in case of defalcation.

46. Territorial tax where and when to be paid.

SEC. 31. The sheriff must give fifteen days notice of the time Notice and place he will attend, in each election precinct, for the purpose collection by of collecting the taxes, by advertisement at some public place fault of taxtherein, and if any person residing in such precinct, fails to attend payer, &c. at the day and place, and pay his tax, he may pay the same within thirty days at the county seat of justice, to the sheriff or his deputy, and if he fail to pay within thirty days, and the sheriff visits his residence, the sheriff may collect of such person for his own uses, mileage, as in other cases.

SEC. 32. County orders shall be payable for county taxes, in the county orcounty where issued, and shall be allowed the sheriff, on his settle- ders when receivable. ment of county taxes with the board of county commissioners, but no sheriff shall receive a larger amount of county orders than the amount of county taxes in his county; and the sheriff shall, in all Territorial cases, pay over to the county treasurer, the full amount of terri- paid in spetorial and school taxes in gold and silver coin.

SEC. 33. No county treasurer, sheriff, auditor, or commissioner officers not shall, either directly or indirectly, purchase or receive in payment to purchase of taxes, or in exchange; or otherwise, in any manner whatever, ders at discount. any county orders, or any demand against his county for a claim allowed, (by the proper officer to allow the same,) during his term of office, for a less amount than that expressed on the face of such order or demand, and any such person so offending shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not less than one hundred, nor more than than three hundred dollars.

SEC. 34. The sheriff shall, on payment to him of any tax, if re- sheriff to quired, give a receipt for the same, therein describing the lands, or give receipt. specifying the amount of personal property, on which the same is Penalty for paid, and shall note on his tax roll, the payment thereof; and if false return. any such sheriff shall wilfully return as unpaid, any tax which has

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TITLE 5. been paid to him, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment, not more than six months, or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Levy by distress.

SEC. 35. In case any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the tax imposed on him, the sheriff shall levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person, wherever the same may be found, within his county.

Notice sale; sale;

SEC. 36. The sheriff shall give public notice of the time and redemption. place of sale, and of the property to be sold, at least six days previous to the sale, by advertisement, to be posted up in three public places in the county, where such sale shall be made; and the sale shall be at public auction, in the day time, and the property sold shall be present; but at any time previous to the sale, the owner or claimant of such property, may release the same, by the payment of taxes, interest and charges, for which the same is liable to be sold.

SEC. 37. Whenever the purchase-money on such sale shall not Re-sale or suit for purchase-money be paid at such time, as the sheriff shall require, he may, in his discretion, again expose the property for sale, or sue in his name of

office such purchaser, for the purchase-money, and recover the same with costs, and twenty per cent. damages. SEC. 38. If property distrained for taxes, cannot be sold for

Proceedings if distress be want of bidders, the sheriff shall return a statement of the facts: Canbol sold. and the tax if unsatisfied, shall be collected in the same manner as if no levy had been made.

Surplus after SEC. 39. If the property distrained shall be sold for more than sale. the taxes, costs and damages, the surplus shall be paid to the owner of such property.

SEC. 40. When any sheriff discovers that any land has been as-Double assessment. sessed more than once for the same year, he shall collect only the tax justly due thereon, and shall make return of the balance as a double assessment, and be shall be credited therefor by the county commissioners.

Return 01 unpaid taxes and double

SEC. 41. If any of the taxes mentioned in the tax list, annexed to his warrant, either on real or personal estate, shall remain unassessments. paid, and the sheriff shall be unable to collect the same, he shall make out a statement of the taxes so remaining unpaid, distinguishing, by setting down separately such as are on real, and such as are on personal estate, with a full and correct description of such real estate from his tax roll, and the name of the person taxed, if therein specified, and submit the same, by the first day of February after the date of the tax list, to the county auditor; he shall also include in such statement, a description of any land, doubly assessed, and the amount of taxes thereon, and the county auditor . shall carefully compare such statement with the tax roll, to ascertain that the same is correct.

SEC. 42. The return of the sheriff to the county auditor, of delinquent taxes, shall be made in a tabular form, and may be varied as the facts may require, but when so made, shall be as nearly as may be in the following form:

ASSESSMENT.

RETURN

-. Sheriff of the county of _____, and Territory of Oregon, Form of recontaining a description of the lands and taxes thereon, and the turn. valuation of personal property, and taxes thereon, (if any) assessed in sail county, in the year ----, which taxes remain due and unpaid for the year herein specified, to wit :

Names of per- sons taxed.	Description of land & state- ment of per- sonal prop- erty.	Section.	Township.	Range.	No. of Acres.	Amount of tax.	Year for which taxes are due.	Remarks.
A. B.	W. half of N. E. qr.,	34	3	19	80	\$ c. 5 60	1833	
C. D.	Undivid'd two thirds of N. E. qr.	34	3	19	160			
Do. unknown.	Do.,	34	3	19	320		•••	
А. В.	Personal prop- erty. Valuation— \$3,000.							

A. D., Sheriff of County.

SEC. 43. The sheriff shall then make an affidavit, to be annexed Affidavit to to such statement, before any officer authorized to administer oaths, annexed to that the facts set forth in said statements are correct; that the return; sherin to be cresums therein returned as unpaid are not paid; and that he has not, dited, &c. upon diligent inquiry, been able to discover any goods or chattels making rebelonging to the persons charged with such unpaid taxes, whereon turn. he could levy the same; which statement and affidavit shall be filed with the county auditor, and he shall thereupon be credited by the county auditor with the amount of taxes, so returned as unpaid and doubly assessed, and he shall be entitled to receive three dollars for making such return, and ten cents per mile travel for one way.

SEC. 44. Upon settlement as aforesaid, of the amount of taxes to Delinquent be collected by the sheriff, and paid into the county treasury, the taxes to be credited shecounty auditor shall make out duplicate certificates, in which shall riff. be contained the amount of the delinquent taxes; one of which shall be given to the sheriff, and the other to the treasurer of the

his fees for

TITLE 5.

TITLE 6. county, and such certificate shall be evidence of the truth of the matter contained therein; and the amount of the delinquent tax, as certified by the said auditor, shall be passed to the credit of the sheriff, by the county treasurer.

Defalcation of sheriff in-dictable.

SEC. 45. Any sberiff, who shall neglect or refuse to pay over all moneys by him collected for taxes, or shall refuse or neglect to make a return of the delinquent taxes of his county, as required in this chapter, shall be liable to be indicted therefor, and, upon conviction on such indictment, may be punished by fine, in any sum not less than one hundred, uor more than two thousand dollars, or by imprisonment, not less than six months, nor more than three years, or by both, such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

Territorial payable.

SEC. 46. On, or before the first Monday in February, in each tax where when year, the several county treasurers in this territory shall pay over to the territorial treasurer, in gold and silver coin, the amount of territorial taxes, charged to their respective counties, which territorial tax shall be paid out of the first moneys collected and paid into the county treasury.

TITLE VI.

sall and

Of the Sale for Unpaid Taxes, and the Conveyance and Redemption. thereof.

- SEC. 47. When land liable to be sold for taxes.
 - 48. Personal property may be sold within three years for taxes.
 - 49. County auditor to give notice of sale; notice what to contain.
 - 50. Notice to be published and posted four weeks prior to sale,
 - 51. Printer to transmit affidavit of publication.
 - 52. County auditor to make affidavit of posting notice and keep affidavits.
 - 53. Sale when to commence and how long to continue.
 - 54. Land how sold and who deemed purchaser.
 - 55. Auditor may require immediate payment for land sold,
 - 56. If land not sold, to be re-offered, and if still unsold, to be bid off for county.
 - 57. Lands bid off for county liable to taxation, but not to sale.
 - 58. County auditor to deed to county certain lands not redeemed.
 - 59. Commissioners may authorize sale of tax certificates and land bid off for county at tax sales.
 - 60. Land sold for taxes need not be sold as land of any particular person.
 - 61. Auditor to give purchaser certificate of sale.
 - 62. Auditor when to fill statement of sale.
 - 63. Unredeemed land to be advertised; notice what to contain.
 - 64. Ib. If no newspaper in county, notice to be posted.
 - 65. Lands may be redeemed within three years: proviso.
 - 66. On redemption all taxes, charges, &c., paid by purchaser, to be paid in certain cases.
 - 67. When lands of minors and married women may be redeemed.
 - 68. Upon redemption auditor to execute certificate; countersigning by treasurer.
 - 69. Auditor to pay over redemption-money, &c.
 - 70. When if certificate is lost commissioners may cause deed to be executed to owner.
 - 71. If certificate be lost, and land bo redeemed, how owner may draw redemption money.
 - 72. If land unredeemed, when auditor to execute deed to purchaser.
 - 73. When auditor to withhold deed and certificate, and to refund amount paid.
 - 74. When board may refund purchase-money.
 - 75. When oncollected tax on land may be collected the succeeding year.
 - 76. If taxes be improperly assessed, may be relunded within two years.
 - 77. Taxes to be a lien on land.
 - 78. After the close of land sale, auditor to file statement with treasurer and pay over to him all moneys paid at such sale.
 - 79. Penalty if auditor neglects his duty.

SEC. 47. All lands returned to the county auditor, as provided TITLE & by this chapter, upon which the taxes, interest, and charges shall when liable not be paid, by the first day of February next after the return to be sold. thereof, shall be subject to sale as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 48. The county auditor may, at any time within three Ib. Personal years after the return by the sheriff of any delinquent taxes, as within sessed on personal property, make out a warrant, with a list of years. such delinquent taxes upon personal estate annexed thereto, which warrant shall command the sheriff to proceed to collect the delinquent taxes enumerated in such list, and upon receiving such warrant, the sheriff shall proceed to collect and make return of the same, in the same manner, and under the same responsibilities as in the collection and return of the taxes, mentioned in the original tax list.

SEC. 49. The county auditor shall, immediately after the first day Notice of February, in each year, make out a statement of all such lands, ditor. containing a brief description thereof, with an accompanying notice, stating that so much of each tract, or parcel of land, described in said statement, as may be necessary for that purpose, will, on the second Monday of April next thereafter, and the next succeeding days, be sold by him, at public auction, at some public place that he may scleet, (naming the same,) at the seat of justice of the county, for the payment of the taxes, interest, and charges thereon; and if in any county no seat of justice shall have been established, then at such public place therein as he shall select.

SEC. 50. The county auditor shall cause such statement and no- Notice to be tice to be published in a newspaper, printed in his county, if there and posted be such newspaper, and if there be noue, then in a newspaper four weeks prior to sale printed iu an adjoining county, if there be such newspaper printed therein; but if there be no newspaper printed in the same or an adjoining county, then such statement and notice shall be published in some newspaper printed at the seat of government of the territory, which statement and notice shall in all cases be published once a week, for four successive weeks, prior to said second Monday of April, and such auditor shall, also, at least four weeks previous to said day, cause to be posted up copies of said statement and notice, in at least four public places in such county, one of which copies shall be posted up in some conspicuous place in his office.

SEC. 51. Every printer who shall publish such statement and Anidavit of notice, shall, immediately after the last publication thereof, trans- publication. mit to the county auditor of the proper county, an affidavit of such publication, made by some person to whom the fact of publication shall be known; and no printer shall be paid for publishing any such statement and notice, who shall fail to transmit such affidavit within six days after the last publication thereof.

SEC. 52. The county auditor shall also make or cause to be amdavit of made an affidavit or affidavits, of the posting of such statement auditor, &c. and notice as above required, which affidavit, together with the affidavit of publication, shall be carefully preserved by him, and deposited as hereinafter specified.

SEC. 53. On the day designated in the notice of sale, the several commencecounty auditors shall commence the sale of those lands, on which and continu-

TITLE 6. the taxes, interest, and charges, shall not have been paid, and shall continue the same from day to day (Sundays excepted) until so much of each parcel thereof shall be sold, as shall be sufficient to pay the taxes, interest, and charges thereon, and all moneys received on such sale, shall be paid into the county treasury.

Who deemed

SEC. 54. The person at such sale offering to pay the taxes, inpurchaser; SEC. 54. The person at such sale offering to pay the taxes, in-hand how terest, and charges on any tract, or parcel of land for the least quantity thereof, shall be the purchaser of such quantity, which shall be taken from the north side or end of such tract or parcel, and shall be bounded on the south by a line running parallel with the northerly line thereof, if such line be a single straight line, otherwise, the south line of the portion so sold, shall run due east and west; and in case no bid shall be made for the payment of the taxes, interest, and charges, on any such tract or parcel of land, for a portion thereof, then the whole of such tract or parcel shall be sold.

SEC. 55. The county auditor may in his discretion require im-Auditor may require immediate pay- mediate payment of every person, to whom any parcel of such ment. land shall be struck off, and in all cases, when payment is not made in twenty-four hours after the bid, he may declare such bid cancelled and sell the land again, or may sue the purchaser for the purchase-money, and recover the same with costs and twenty per cent. damages; and every person so neglecting or refusing to make payment, shall not be entitled, after such neglect, to have any bid made by him received by the county auditor, during such sale.

Unsaleable

SEC. 56. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for the amount of to be bid off taxes, interest, and charges thereon, it shall be passed over for the for county. time being, but shall, before the close of the sale, be re-offered for sale; and if the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the county auditor shall bid off the same for the county for such amount.

SEC. 57. All lands bid off for the county as provided in the pre-Lands so bid off lighte to taxation, but ceding section, shall continue liable to be taxed in the same mannot to sale. ner as if they were the lands of individuals; and such taxes, and

the interest, and charges thereon, shall be a lien on such lands, and shall be paid out of the county treasury, while such lands belong to the county, but no land so bid off for the county, shall be offered for sale for any taxes levied thereon subsequent to such

bid, until it shall bave been redeemed, or shall be sold by the county, or the tax certificate, issued by the county, shall have been assessed.

When to be SEC. 58. When any lands, so bid off for any county, shall not be conveyed redeemed as provided by law, the county auditor shall execute to county. the county, in his official name, a deed of release therefor, witnessed and acknowledged in like manner as deeds to individuals, which shall have the same force and effect as conveyances executed by said auditor to individuals for land sold for taxes.

SEC. 59. The board of commissioners of any county may by an Commissioners may all order, to be entered on their records, authorize the county auditor, of tax certificate, and or any other person, to sell and assign the tax certificate, issued for tands bid of lands bid off for such county, and also to sell and convey by deed, for county,

duly executed and delivered, by such auditor or other person, under his hand and seal, for such county, any such lands for which a deed of release has been executed in the same, as provided in the TITLE 6. preceding section.

SEC. 60. When any land is offered for sale for taxes, it shall not sale of lands be necessary to sell the same as the property of any particular per- of owner, &c. son, and if it should be sold as the property of any particular person, no misnomer of the owner, or supposed owner, or other mistake respecting the ownership of such lands, shall ever affect the sale, or render it void or voidable.

SEC. 61. The county auditor shall give to each purchaser on the Auditor to payment of his bids, and if the same be struck off to the county, chaser certithen to the county, a certificate in writing, dated the day of the frate of sale. sale, describing the land purchased, the amount paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed; which certificate shall be assignable, and any person's interest therein may be transferred by a written assignment, indorsed upon or attached to the same; and such assignment shall have the same force and effect as the assignment of bonds for the couveyance of lands; and such certificate, if acknowledged by the county auditor, and certified by a person authorised to take the acknowledgment of deeds, may be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the proper county.

SEC. 62. Every county auditor shall, immediately after the close Auditor to of any sale of lands for taxes, deposit in his office, all affidavits, no- ment of sale, tices and papers, in relation to such tax sale, to be filed and preserved therein ; also a statement, containing a particular description of each tract and parcel of land so sold by him, specifying the name of the person to whom sold, the amount for which the same was sold, and the name of the owner if known; and the said auditor shall record such statement in a book to be kept by him for that purpose in his office.

SEC. 63. The county auditor in each county shall, at least six Unredeemed months before the expiration of the time limited by law for redeem- lands, how ing lands sold for taxes, cause to be published in a newspaper printed in his county, if there be such newspaper, and if none, then in a uewspaper printed in an adjoining county, if there be one; but if there be no newspaper printed in the same or an adjoining county, then a newspaper printed at the seat of government, once a week for twelve successive weeks, a list of all unredeemed lands, specifying each tract or lot, the name of the person to whom assessed, if any, and the amount of taxes charged and interest (calculated to the last day of redemption) due on each parcel, together with a notice that unless such lands be redeemed on or before the day limited therefor, specifying the same, they will be conveyed to the purchaser.

SEC. 64. If uo newspaper be published in such county, the Ib. If there county auditor shall, at least three months previous to the time paper in limited for the redemption of any lands sold for taxes, cause to be county. posted up, copies of the list and notice, specified in the preceding section, in at least four public places in his county; one of which copies shall be posted up in some conspicuous place in his office.

SEC. 65. The owner or occupant of any lands sold for taxes, or May be reauy person for him, may at any time within three years from the deemed within three date of the certificate of sale redeem the same, or any part thereof years.

ASSESSMENT.

TITLE 6. or interest therein, by paying to the county auditor of the county. where such land was sold for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the amount for which such land was sold, and all subsequent charges thereon authorized by the provisions of this act, or such portion thereof as the part or interest redeemed shall amount to, with interest on the amount of the purchase-money, at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum, from the date of such certificate : but whenever any land sold for taxes, shall be redeemed within six months after the sale thereof, interest as aforesaid shall be paid Proviso. for six months; provided, however, that in all cases, any such person may, in like manner, redeem any such land, or any part thereof, or interest therein, at any time before the tax deed executed on such sale is recorded, and when so redeemed, such deed

shall be void. SEC. 66. The person wishing to redeem any land sold for taxes, Terms of redemption. in addition to the amount to be paid by him as specified in the preceding section, shall, before the same shall be redeemed by him. pay all other taxes and charges imposed on the land, or the part thereof, or the interest therein, sought to be redeemed subsequent to such sale, and paid by such purchaser or his assigns prior to redemption, with interest thereon, at twelve per cent. per annum: provided, vouchers or other evidence of the payment of such last named taxes and charges, shall have been deposited with the county auditor of the county where such land is situate, or produced to such owner or other person seeking to redeem.

When lands SEC. 67. The lands of minors or any interest they may have in of minors, lands sold for taxes, may be redeemed at any time before such men, de, minor becomes of age, and during two years thereafter, and the deemed. lands of idiots, insane persons, and married women, so sold, or any interest they may have therein, may be redeemed at any time within five years after such sale, and such redemption shall be made in the same manner as provided in the last two preceding sections.

Certificate of auditor on redemption ; ersigned.

SEC. 68. Upon the redemption of any land sold for taxes, by payment to the county auditor, such auditor shall execute to the to be count- person so redeeming a certificate, specifying therein the name of the purchaser, the land redeemed, and the amount of the redemptionmoney paid; and such auditor shall, also, enter on the sale-list kept by him, the name of the person redeeming, the sum paid therefor by him, and the time when paid; which certificate, before it shall be evidence of such redemption, shall be presented to the treasurer of the same county, and be countersigned by him; and he shall also make a similar entry on the sale-list kept by him, with that above required to be made by such county auditor.

Auditor to pay over redemptionmoney.

SEC. 69. The county auditor shall, on the demand of any person entitled to any redemption-money in his hands, forthwith pay the same to such person; and at the expiration of his term of office, shall pay over to his successor in office all redemption money in his hands.

Loss of certificate.

SEC. 70. Whenever any certificate given by the county auditor for lands sold for taxes shall be lost, or wrongfully withheld from the owner, and such lands shall not have been redeemed, the board of county commissioners may receive evidence of such loss or wrongful detention, and, on satisfactory proof of the fact, may TITLE 6. cause a deed as aforesaid to be executed to such person as may appear to them the rightful owner of the land described in such certificate; but no such deed, if wrongfully or improperly granted, shall be binding on the county in respect to any of its covenants, nor shall it vest any right, title, or interest, in the grantee or his assigns.

SEC. 71. If there shall be a loss or wrongful detention of any I certificate such certificate, and the land therein described shall have been re- tand such certificate, and the land therein described shan have been re- had re-deemed, any person may exhibit to the county treasurer evidence owner may of such loss or detention, and upon his making the same satisfac- withdraw redemptiontorily appear to such treasurer, and upon his executing to him a money. bond with sufficient security to be approved by the treasurer, that such person will refund such redemption-money, with twelve per cent. interest thereon, if any person shall thereafter show his right thereto, such treasurer shall pay such redemption-money to the person so executing such bond.

SEC. 72. If any land sold for taxes shall not be redeemed as when auditaforesaid, the county anditor of the county where the same was cute deed to sold shall, after the expiration of the time prescribed by law for the purchaser. redemption thereof, on the presentation to him of the certificate of sale, execute in the name of his county, as the clerk of the board of county commissioners, under his hand and seal, to the purchaser, his heirs and assigns, a deed of the land so remaining unredeemed, and shall acknowledge the same, which shall vest in the grantee an absolute title in fee simple in such lands, subject, however, to all unpaid taxes and charges, which are a lien thereon, and to redemption, as provided in this act, and such deed, duly witnessed and acknowledged, shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of all proceedings, from the valuation of the land by the assessor inclusive, up to the execution of the deed, and may be recorded with the like effect as other conveyances of land.

SEC. 73. If the county auditor shall discover before the sale as to when to aforesaid, that on account of irregular assessments, or for any other used. errors, any such lands ought not to be sold, he shall not offer the same for sale, and if after any certificate shall have been granted, upon the sale of the same as aforesaid, the county auditor shall discover that for any error or irregularity, the lands so sold ought not to be conveyed, he shall not convey the same, and the county treasurer shall on demand refund the amount paid therefor on such sale, and all subsequent taxes and charges paid thereon by the purchaser or his assigns, out of the county treasury.

SEC. 74. If after the conveyance of any land sold for taxes, it when purshall be discovered that the sale was invalid, the board of county to be recommissioners shall cause the money paid therefor on the sale, and funded. all subsequent taxes and charges, paid thereon by the purchaser, or his assigns, to be refunded, upon the re-delivery of the deed to be cancelled, and no recovery shall ever be had against the county on the covenants of such deed,

SEC. 75. Whenever on account of any erroneous, or defective Taxes emit-description of any land, or any other error or defect, if such land able followwere justly taxable, the same shall have been stricken from the ing year. assessment roll, or shall have been omitted to be sold at any tax

92. Treasurer's books and warrant, &c , to be evidence.

93. Auditor of territory to transmit blacks and instructions to county auditor,

94. Fees of officers and printers for services required by this chapter.

95. Act when to take effect.

SEC. 80. Any person, who has a lieu by mortgage, or otherwise, Lien holders upon any land, on which the taxes have not been paid, may pay taxes such taxes, and the interest and charges thereon ; and the receipt collect the of the person authorized to receive such tax shall constitute an additional lien on such land to the amount therein specified, and the interest thereon; and the amount so paid and the interest thereon shall be collectable with, as part of, and in the same manner, as the amount secured by the original lien.

SEC. 81. When any tax on any real estate shall have been paid Taxes paid by, or collected from any occupant or tenant, when there is some by tenant, recovother person, who by agreement, or otherwise, ought to pay such ered. tax, or any part thereof, such occupant or tenant, shall be entitled to recover by action the amount, which such person should have paid, with interest thereon; or he may retain the same out of any rent due or accruing from him to such person for real estate, ou which such tax is so paid.

SEC. 82. If the county auditor shall, in any year, unavoidably omitted sale. omit or fail to sell any lands returned for delinquent taxes, at the died, time fixed in this chapter, he shall advertise and sell such lands, on the second Monday in September, next ensuing, and such advertisement, and sale, shall conform in all respects to the provisions of this chapter, and shall be as valid and binding as like sales made on the second Monday in April.

SEC. 83. Whenever the county auditor shall fail to advertise the If and iter list of unredeemed land sold for taxes, within the time above speci- fail to adfied therefor, the same may be advertised as provided in sections deemed lands, may sixty-three and sixty-four of this chapter, at any time thereafter do so within within five years from the time the same were sold, and when so five years. advertised, such auditor shall deed the same, in like manner, and with the same effect, as though they had been advertised, within the time specified in the sixty-fourth section of this chapter.

SEC. 84. Any suit or proceeding for the recovery of lands sold san to refor taxes, except in cases when the taxes have been paid on the when to be land redeemed, as provided by law, shall be commenced within commenced. three years from the time of recording the tax deed of sale, and not thereafter.

SEC. 85. If any sheriff shall fail to make settlement of the taxes Penalty m included in his assessment roll, within the time required by this sheriff fall to pay over, &c. chapter, the county treasurer shall charge such sheriff five per cent. damages, and twelve per cent. interest per annum, from the day payment should have been made on the balance of unsettled taxes due from him; and if any sheriff shall withhold the payment of any public moneys collected, or received by him after the same should be paid, and shall have been demanded, he shall be liable to pay ten per cent. damages, and twelve per cent. interest as above specified, on such moneys: which moneys, damages, and interest, may be collected by suit upon the sheriff's bond, for the recovery of the same.

TITLE 7.

TITLE 7. sale, or when so sold, the county auditor shall withhold the tax deed therefor, as provided by law, the board of commissioners shall cause such land to be correctly described, and such uncollected tax to be entered upon the assessment roll of the next succeeding year, but if such lands cannot be correctly described, or if from any other cause the tax so unpaid cannot be collected on the same, the said board shall correct such error as they shall deem best.

Improper assessments. refundable

SEC. 76. If any person, within two years after the payment of any tax by him, can satisfactorily show to the board of county within two commissioners, that the same was improperly assessed, or was paid by mistake, or was not legally chargeable, the said board shall order the same to be repaid by the county treasurer.

Taxes, a lien SEC. 77. All taxes assessed on any tract or parcel of land, and on land. all costs, charges, and interest thercon, shall be a lien on such land until paid; and all costs and expenses which shall accrue jointly, or in the aggregate, on two or more parcels of land, shall be apportioned in equal parts upon the several tracts or parcels.

SEC. 78. Each county auditor shall, immediately after the close Statement of eale and payment of of any tax sale of land, under the provisions of this chapter, make proceeds by by out a full and accurate statement of all lands sold by him for taxes, auditor treasurer. describing therein each tract or parcel so sold by him, and the amount for which the same was sold, and the amount of money received by him on such sale, which statement shall be verified by the oath of the county auditor, and filed in the office of the. county treasurer; and the said auditor shall also immediately after such sale, deposit the amount by him received, on such sale, with Semi-annual

statement.

the said treasurer; and the said auditor shall also semi-annually make out a statement of all moneys received by him for redeeming lands sold for taxes, and file the same with the county treasurer on or before the first Monday in October and April of each year; and also at the same time deposit all redemption-moneys, then in his hands, and which shall have remained in his hands, unclaimed by the persons entitled thereto, for the period of six months, with said treasurer.

Penalty for SEC. 79. Whenever any county auditor shall neglect or refuse neglect. to comply with the provisions of the preceding section, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction thereof, shall be fined, in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail, not exceeding one year, or shall be both fined and imprisoned, in the discretion of the court.

TITLE VIII.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

SEC. 80. Persons having liens on land may pay taxes and collect same.

81. When tenant may recover taxes paid by him and how.

82. If auditor fail to sell land at time fixed, when may afterwards sell same.

83. If auditor fail to advertise unredeemed lands, may do so within five years.

84. When suit to recover lands sold for taxes to be commenced.

- 85. Penalty on sheriff if he fail to pay over, &c., moneys collected.
- 86. Person injured by false return of sheriff, to recover double damages.
- 87. Deed invalid if taxes have been paid,
- 88. Moneys collected for specific object, not to be applied to any other object.
- 89. Penalty for officer neglecting certain duties.
- 90. Penalty on treasurer for neglecting to pay territorial tax when required.

SEC. 86. If any person shall be injured by the false return or TITLE 7. Remedy of fraudulent act of any sheriff, such person shall recover upon suit. by brought on the bond of such sheriff, or lien and his sureties, double person false return. damages, and costs of suit.

SEC. 87. No sale of land for taxes, and no deed made in pursu-Deed when invalid. ance thereof, shall be of any validity, if the taxes, for which the same are sold, shall have been paid prior to such sale.

Heneys col-tested for coived by any officer, for any distinct and specified object, no por-port to be ap- tion of them shall be paid or applied to any other object or purother.

pose, without due authority, but shall be kept a separate fund for such specified object, and any officer failing to comply with the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to imprisonment in the county jail, not exceeding six months.

Penalty for neglect.

SEC. 89. Any officer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties imposed on him by this chapter, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail, not exceeding one year.

Ib. If treasurer neglect torial tax.

SEC. 90. Whenever any county treasurer shall fail to pay into to pay terri- the territorial treasury, any money in his hands for that purpose, at the time prescribed by law, he shall, in addition to the other penaltics, be liable to the following: If he shall so fail for the space of . ten days, he shall forfeit to the territory, twenty per cent. on the amount withheld; and if he shall fail to pay over such moneys, for the space of thirty days, after such specified time he shall forfeit his office as treasurer, and be deemed a public defaulter.

When grant-or liable to pay tax.

SEC. 91. As between the grantor and grantee of any land, when there is no express agreement as to which shall pay the taxes that may be assessed thereon, before the conveyance, if such land is conveyed at the time, or prior to the date of the warrant authorizing the collection of such taxes, then the grantee shall pay the same; but if conveyed after that date, the grantor shall pay them.

Treasurer's ovidence.

Auditor

territory

transmit

Pees.

SEC. 92. The entries made in the county treasurer's books, the books, warof lands sold for taxes, recorded by said treasurer, or by the county auditor, shall be prima facie evidence in all judicial proceedings.

SEC. 93. The auditor of the territory shall from time to time as 10 to he may deem proper, cause to be printed blank assessment rolls, and other forms for proceedings required by this chapter, and shall blanks, &c. transmit the same, together with such instructions as he shall think useful, to the several county auditors in this territory, who shall distribute the same to the assessors of their several counties.

SEC. 94. In addition to any fees elsewhere specially allowed for the services to be performed under the requirements of this chapter, the following shall be allowed, to wit: To the county auditor for any deed of land sold for taxes, one dollar and fifty cents; for each additional parcel of land described therein after the first, twenty cents; to the person taking and certifying the acknowledgment of the same, fifty cents; to said auditor for a certificate of redemption, fifty cents; for each additional parcel of land described therein, after the first, twenty cents; to the county auditor for a cer- CHAPTER 1. tificate of sale of lands, one dollar; for each additional parcel of land, described therein after the first, twenty cents.

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The county auditor granting such deed or certificate shall in- 1b. clude therein, as many parcels of land bid off, owned or redeemed by any person as he may desire, and the above fees shall be paid by such person. To the printers who shall publish any notice of the time when the redemption of land sold for taxes will expire, for each lot or tract of land, twenty-five cents for all the insertions; for drawing affidavit of publication, twenty five cents; to the person taking and certifying the same, twenty-five cents.

The fees for publication shall be apportioned equally upon the Pees how apseveral parcels of land advertised, and all costs, charges, and portioned. interest, imposed by the provisions of this chapter, and paid upon any land, shall be a lien thereon until paid equally with the unpaid taxes.

SEC. 95. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after Act when to the first day of May next.

Passed January 27th, 1854.

AN ACT TO REGULATE THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT

CHAPTER I.

ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT.

SEC. 1. Establishment of treasury department.

2. Treasurer and auditor to reside and keep office at seat of government.

3. Treasurer and auditor to be commissioned by governor; their oath and bonds.

4. Penalty for acting before being qualified.

5. Bond to be approved by governor; amount and nature thereof.

6. Approval of governor to be indorsed thereon; bond to be filed by socretary.

7. Commission not issue till bond be given.

8. Auditor and treasurer to keep a seal; papers duly authenticated by them evidence.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oregon, That a separate department is hereby established, to be Establishcalled the treasury department; which shall embrace the offices ment of of the territorial treasurer, and the auditor of public accounts.

SEC. 2. The treasurer and auditor shall reside and keep their once where to be respective offices at the seat of government.

SEC. 3. The treasurer and auditor shall be commissioned by the oath and governor; and before entering upon their respective duties, shall bond to be take an oath of office before any judge or justice of the peace, pre- commission. scribed by the laws of this territory, and shall cause the same to be indorsed on their respective commissious, and shall respectively give the official bonds required by law.

SEC. 4. If the treasurer or auditor shall perform any official act, Penalty for before complying with the requirements of the preceding section, being qualihe shall forfeit and pay five hundred dollars for the use of the ter- ned ritory.

SEC. 5. The treasurer shall, immediately after his appointment, Bond. execute and deliver to the governor a bond to the territory, in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, with not less than five sureties, to be approved of by the governor, conditioned to the faithful

CHAPTER 2. performance of all the duties required, or which may be required of him by law; and the auditor shall in like manner execute his bond in a sum not less than ten thousand dollars, with not less than three sureties.

SEC. 6. The governor shall indorse on the bond his approval Approval by governor.

thereof, stating the time of approval, and deliver the same to the secretary of the territory, who shall record and keep the same in his office.

Commission when to is sue.

SEC. 7. No commission shall issue to any auditor or treasurer, until he has given bond and surety as required by law.

Auditor and treasurer to keep seal.

SEC. 8. The treasurer and auditor shall each keep a seal of office, which shall be used to authenticate all writings, papers and documents required by law, to be certified from either of said officers, respectively; and copies of all papers and documents lawfully deposited in either of said offices, when certified by the officer, and authenticated by the seal of office, shall be received in evidence in the same manner, and with the like effect as the original.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE AUDITOR-HIS GENERAL DUTIES.

SEC. 1. Auditor, accountant of territory, keeper of public accounts, &c. 2. As to his annual report. 3. As to his duties generally.

His duties,

Report.

SEC. 1. The auditor of public accounts is declared to be the general accountant of the territory, and the keeper of all public account books, accounts, voucbers, documents, and all papers relating to the accounts and contracts of the territory ; and its revenue, debt, and fiscal affairs, not required by law to be placed in some other office, or kept by some other person.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the auditor to digest, prepare, and report to the legislative assembly, at the commencement of each annual session:

1. A full and detailed statement of the condition of the revenues, and the amount of the expenditures for the last fiscal year;

2. A full and detailed statement of the public debt;

3. Estimates of the revenue and expenditures for the next sncceeding year;

4. Such plans as he may deem expedient for the support of public credit; for lessening the public expenses; for using the public money to the best advantage; for promoting frugality and economy in public offices; and generally, for the better management and more perfect understanding of the fiscal affairs of the territory;

5. A tabular statement, showing separately the whole amount of each appropriation of money made by law, the amount paid under the same, and the balance unexpended.

6. A tabular statement, showing separately the whole amount of money received into the treasury, from all sources, in the preceding fiscal year; the amount received from each county, aud each source of revenue in each county.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the auditor :

CHAPTER S.

1. To audit, adjust, and settle all claims against the territory, Duties. payable out of the treasury, except only such claims as may be expressly required by law to be audited and settled by other officers or persons;

2. To draw all warrants upon the treasury for money, except only in cases otherwise expressly provided by law;

3. To express in the body of every warrant which he may draw upon the treasury, the particular fund appropriated by law, out of which the same is to be paid;

4. To audit, settle, and adjust the accounts of all collectors of the revenue, and other holders of public money, who are required by law to pay the same into the treasury;

5. To keep an account between the territory and the territorial treasurer;

6. To keep an account of all debts and credits between the territory and the United States;

7. To direct prosecutions in the name of the territory, for all official delinquencies in relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of the revenue, against all persons who, by any means, become possessed of public money or property, and fail to pay over or deliver the same, and against all debtors of the territory ;

8. To procure from the proper officers an abstract and description of all taxable lands within the territory, not yet procured, and annually, hereafter, abstracts and descriptions of such lands as shall become taxable;

9. To transmit to the clerk of each county commissioners' court, annually, a descriptive list of all taxable lands in such county;

10. To give information in writing, to either house of the legislative assembly, whenever required, upon any subject relating to the fiscal affairs of the territory, or touching any duty of his office ; 11. To perform all such other duties as may be required by law.

CHAPTER III.

THE AUDITOR-OF THE SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS.

- SEC. 1. Collectors, &c., when to exhibit accounts; auditor to adjust and report balance due to treasurer.
 - 2. Penalty if collectors do not pay treasurer balance due, within ten days after settlement.
 - 3. Claims within what time to be exhibited; when set-off against territory allowed.
 - 4. Power of auditor to administer oaths, and issue summons for purposes of settlement.
 - 5. Auditor to preserve all accounts, vouchers, &c., and give authenticated copies.

6. When to draw warrants on treasury.

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- 7. Decision of auditor, when to be referred to assembly for approval. 8. Duty of auditor in case no appropriation is made for legal claims.
- 9. Auditor when to report to legislative assembly a list of unsettled accounts. 10. Salary of auditor, by whom audited, and how paid.

SEC. 1. All collectors of the revenue, and others bound by law Collectors, to pay money directly into the treasury, shall exhibit their accounts exhibit acand vouchers to the auditor, on or before the first Monday in counte.

CHAPTER 3. March, in each year, to be audited, adjusted, and settled; and the auditor shall proceed without any unnecessary delay, to audit, adjust, and settle the same, and report to the treasurer the balance found due. or SEC. 2. If any of the persons mentioned in the preceding sec-

Failure collectors, to

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pay treas tion, shall fail to pay the amount so found due, into the treasury. arer moneys and produce the treasurer's receipt to the anditor within ten days to be due. after the settlement above required, the delinquent shall forfeit to the territory the amount of his commission allowed him by law; and also two and a half per cent. a month, on the amount wrongfully withheld, to he computed from the time the same ought to have been paid until actual payment; and the auditor shall charge such delinquent accordingly; and the whole amount of principal and forfeiture may be recovered by action on the official bond of the delinquent, or otherwise, according to law.

Claims, within what

SEC. 3. All persons having claims against the territory, shall exhibit the same, with the evidence in support thereof, to the auexhibited. ditor, to be audited, settled and allowed, within two years after such claim shall accrue, and not afterwards. And in all suits brought in behalf of the territory, no debt or claim shall be allowed against the territory, as a set-off, but such as have been exhibited to the auditor, and by him allowed or disallowed; except only in cases where it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant at the time of trial is in possession of vonchers, which he could not produce to the auditor; or that he was prevented from exhibiting the claim to the auditor, by absence from the territory, sickness, or unavoidable accident.

May administer oaths,

SEC. 4. The auditor, whenever he may think it necessary to the proper settlement of any account, may examine the parties, witsumnesses and others, on oath or affirmation, touching any matter mons, &c. material to be known in the settlement of such account; and for that purpose may issue writs of summons, and compel witnesses to attend before him, and give evidence in the same manner, and by the same means, allowed by law to courts of record.

To preserve SEC. 5. All accounts, vouchers, and documents, settled or to be settled by the auditor, shall be preserved in his office; and copies thereof, authenticated by the official seal, shall be given to any person interested therein who shall require the same.

Warrants on treasury.

SEC. 6. In all cases of grants, salaries, pay and expenses, ascertained and allowed by law, found due to individuals from the territory, when audited, the auditor shall draw warrants upon the treasury for the amount, in the form used in the treasury department; but in cases of unliquidated accounts and claims, the adjustment and payment of which are not provided for by law, no warrant shall be drawn by the auditor or paid by the treasurer, unless the previous appropriation shall have been made by law for that purpose; nor shall the whole amount drawn for, and paid under any one head, ever exceed the amount thus appropriated.

Decision resembly.

SEC. 7. If any person interested, shall be dissatisfied with the ferred to as- decision of the auditor, on any claim, account or credit; it shall be the duty of the auditor, at the request of such person, to refer the

legal claims same, with the reasons for his decision, to the legislative assembly. without ap-SEC. 8. In all cases where the laws recognize a claim for money propriation.

against the territory, and no appropriation shall be made by law CHAPTERA. to pay the same, the auditor shall audit and settle the same, and give the claimant a certificate of the amount thereof, under the official seal, if demanded; and shall report the same to the legislative assembly, with as little delay as possible.

SEC. 9. The auditor shall report to the legislative assembly, Report of within ten days after the commencement of each regular session, a counts. list of all collectors of the revenue, and other holders of public money, whose accounts remain unsettled for six months after they ought to have been settled, according to law; and the reasons therefor.

SEC. 10. The auditor shall receive an annual salary of three Salary. hundred dollars, to be audited by the territorial treasurer, and paid by bim out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE TREASURER.

SEC. I. His duties.

2. To grant duplicate receipt; one of which to be given auditor. 3. Compensation of treasurer.

His dutice.

SEC. 1. It shall be the duty of the territorial treasurer: 1. To receive and keep all the moneys of the territory, not expressly required by law to be received and kept by some other person;

2. To disburse the public moneys upon warrants drawn upon the treasury, according to law, and not otherwise ;

3. To keep a just, true, and comprehensive account of all moneys received and disbursed :

4. To keep a just and true account of each head of appropriation made by law, and the disbursements under the same;

5. To render his account to the auditor for settlement quarterly, or oftener if required;

6. To report to each house of the legislative assembly, within ten days after the commencement of each regular session, a detailed statement of the condition of the treasury, and its operations for the preceding year:

7. To give information in writing to either house of the legislative assembly, whenever required, upon any subject connected with the treasury, or touching any duty of his office ;

8. To perform all such other duties as may be required by law.

SEC. 2. The treasurer shall grant duplicate receipts, under the puplicate seal of his office, for all sums of money which shall be paid into receipts. the treasury, and the person receiving the same shall deposit one of them with the auditor, who shall credit such person accordingly, and charge the treasurer with the amount. Provided, that if one of such duplicate receipts be not deposited with the auditor as aforesaid, within two days after the same is received from the treasurer, any person so receiving such duplicate, shall forfeit and pay to the Territory, an amount equal to ten per cent. of the amount paid into the treasury on such receipt ;

OBAPTER 5. Compensa tion

SEC. 3. The treasurer shall receive, as a compensation for his services, two per cent. on all moneys received, and two per cent. on all moneys disbursed by him in his official capacity, to be audited by the auditor, and retained by said treasurer from any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

CHAPTER V.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SEC. I & 2. When governor may appoint treasurer and auditor ; their salary.

3. Legislature shall cause settlement of former incumbent's accounts.

4. Treasurer and nuditor may administer caths, &c.

5. Auditor and treasurer to have access to all offices to inspect accounts.

6. Auditor and treasurer to keep letter-book.

7. Penalty for auditor issuing illegal warrant on treasurer.

8. Penalty for treasurer refusing to pay warrant.

9. Penalty if treasurer or auditor be guilty of illegal conduct in office.

10. Audited account due territory, a lien on debtor's lands. 11. Act when to take effect.

SEC. 1. In case of death, sickness, absence from the territory, re-When ernor may signation, removal from office, or impeachment of any auditor or appoint treasurer or treasurer, it shall be lawful for the governor to make an appointauditor. ment, for the time being, of some suitable person to perform the duties of such office, until a successor can be appointed according to law, or until such absence or disability shall cease.

Salary of officer appoin-

SEC. 2. Any person appointed by the governor, in virtue of the preceding section, shall receive the same compensation allowed by the law, to the officer whose duty he is appointed to perform, in proportion to the time he shall be engaged in such service.

Bettlement of former incumbent's account.

SEC. 3. Immediately after the appointment and qualification of , any auditor or treasurer, the legislative assembly, if in session, and if not in session, then the first week of the next session, shall cause settlement to be made in the manner above provided, of the former auditor or treasurer's accounts remaining unsettled ; and shall cause to be made out and delivered to the person entitled thereto, a certificate of such settlement, showing the balance of moneys, sureties and effects, for which he is accountable, and what has been delivered to his successor.

Treasurer SEC. 4. The auditor and treasurer shall each have power to adand auditor may admin- minister all oaths and affirmations required or allowed by law, in ister oaths, matters touching the duties of their offices.

SEC. 5. The auditor and treasurer shall have free access to each To have aceess to all other's offices, for the inspection of all books, accounts and papers, spect ac- which they respectively contain, and free access to all the other counts. offices of the territory, for the inspection of all such books, accounts and papers as concern any of their duties.

SEC. 6. The auditor and treasurer shall each keep a letter book, Letter-book. in which shall be copied all official letters which they may write.

SEC. 7. If the auditor shall knowingly issue any warrant upon the Penalty for lusuing illegal warrants treasury, not authorized by law, he shall, upon conviction thereof,

be fined in any sum not exceeding fourfold the amount of such war- on APTER 1. rant, and imprisoned for any length of time, not exceeding one year ; and shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor in office.

SEC. 8. If the treasurer shall wilfully and unlawfully refuse to Penalty for pay any warrant lawfully drawn upon the treasury, he shall forfeit pay warrant. and pay to the holder thereof, fourfold the amount of such warraut, to be recovered by action against the treasurer and his sureties, on his official bond, or otherwise, according to law; and the treasurer shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office.

SEC. 9. If the auditor or treasurer shall wilfully neglect or re- Inegal con-fuse to perform any duty enjoined by law, or shall be guilty of any dee. oppression or extortion in the performance of any legal duty, shall receive any fee or reward for the performance of any legal duty, not allowed by law, or, by color of his office, shall knowingly do any act not authorized by law, or in any other manner than is required by law, he shall forfeit to the territory any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office.

SEC. 10. The amount of every account audited, adjusted, and Audited acfound due to the territory, according to this law, with the penal- territory ties and interest thereon, is declared to be a lien upon all real es- lien debtor's tate of the person charged with the same, from the time that suit land. shall be commenced for the recovery thereof.

SEC. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after Act when to its passage.

Passed January 16th, 1854.

AN ACT RELATING TO COMMON SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL LANDS.

CHAPTER I.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

SEC. 1. School fund, how provided.

2. Authority of commissioners to levy taxes for school taxes.

9. Fines, &c., to be appropriated for school fund.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oregon, That the principal of all moneys accruing to this territory school fund. from the sale of any land heretofore given, or which may be given, by the Congress of the United States, and all bequests made by any person or persons to the territory for school purposes, shall continue an irreducible fund, the interest accruing from which shall be annually divided among all the school districts in the territory, proportionably to the number of children or youth in each district, between the ages of four and twenty-one, for support of common schools in said district, and for no other use or purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining common commissionschools, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each tax for fund. county to lay an annual tax of two mills on the dollar, on all the taxable property of the county, as shown by the assessment roll

CHAPTER 2. made by the county assessors, for the same year, and to include the same in their estimate to the collector, and the said collector shall proceed to collect the said tax in the same manner as the other tax is collected; and the said money so collected shall be paid over to the county treasurer, to be appropriated for the hire of school teachers in the several school districts, to be drawn in the same manner as hereinafter prescribed.

Fines. &c., appropriated fund,

SEC. 3. For the further support of common schools, there shall school be set apart, by the county treasurer, all moneys paid into the county treasury, arising from all fines for a breach of any penal laws of this territory. Such moneys shall be paid into the county treasury, and be added to the yearly school fund raised by tax in each county, and divided in the same manner.

CHAPTER II.

ELECTION OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

SEC. 1. County superintendents; their election and term of office.

2. When to qualify; oath to be filed.

3. To divide county in districts, map of districts.

4. Notice of formation of district how given ; when renewed.

5. Examination of school teachers by superintendent.

6. Superintendent to visit schools yearly; his duties as visitor.

7. Yearly report of superintendent.

8. Annual apportionment of school fund when to be made.

9. Superintendent when to issue orders on treasurer for funds appropriated to districts.

10. Superintendent to collect fines, &c., due to school fund, and prosecute for trespass, &c., on school lands.

11. Trespasses on school lands indictable.

12. Other lands to be selected in lieu of sections sixteen and thirty-six occupied before survey.

13. Compensation of superintendent.

SEC. 1. There shall be elected by the legal voters of their reent; niselec-spective counties at the annual elections, a county superintendent of office. of common schools for each county and a county superintendent Superintendof common schools for each county, who shall hold his office for

the term of three years, and until his successor is duly qualified.

10 SEC. 2. The superintendent shall qualify within ten days after When gualify; oath to be notice of his election, by taking an oath faithfully to discharge the duties of his office, and to the best of his ability promote the infiled. terest of education within his county, which oath shall be in writing and placed on file in the county clerk's office.

School districts; map.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the superintendent to divide such portion of his county as shall be inhabited, into convenient school districts; to define the boundaries and numbers; and to prepare and keep in his office a map of the districts of the county upon which the lines and boundaries of each district shall be clearly defined; and shall lay off new districts, or divide old ones when the public good shall require it.

or SEC. 4. Whenever any school district shall be formed by the Notice formation of formation of superintendent, it shall be his duty to prepare a notice in writing

of the establishment of such district, describing its boundaries, and given. to deliver the same to some taxable inhabitant of such district, who shall have asked for the formation of the same. It shall be the duty of said inhabitant, within two weeks after the receipt of such CHAPTER 2. notice, to notify the other inhabitants of the district, of the time and place of the first district meeting, which time and place he shall fix by written notices, and which shall be posted up in three public places in the district, at least ten days previous to the time of meeting. In case the inhabitants fail to attend in sufficient numbers to do business as hereafter directed, notice may be renewed at such times as may be thought proper.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the superintendent to examine all Examination persons who wish to become teachers in his county; he shall examine them in orthography, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography; and if he be of the opinion that the person examined is competent to teach said branches, and that he or she is of good moral character, he shall give such person a certificate, certifying that he or she is qualified to teach a common school in said county; such certificate shall be for the term of one year only, and may be revoked sooner by the superintendent for good cause.

SEC. 6. The superintendent shall visit all the schools taught in Superintend-his county, by a qualified teacher, at least once a year; he shall schools give such information and encouragement as he may think neccs- yearly. sary, and endeavor to promote the introduction of a good aud uniform system of school books throughout the county.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the superintendent to receive the Reports. district reports hereinafter provided for, and keep them on file in his office; and he shall at least ten days before the first Friday in November of each year, make out, from the district reports, a statement of the number of the scholars in the county ; the number of school libraries; the number of school houses; the number of districts; in how many districts a school has been kept the past year; what school books are principally used; what proportion of all the scholars in the county have attended school for the past year; and the amount of money paid to teachers. This statement, together with such other information and suggestions as he may deem important to the cause of education, he shall file in his office, and may, if convenient, publish it in some newspaper in this territory.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the superintendent, at least fifteen Apportiondays before the first Friday in November of each year, to make an school fund. apportionment of the school fund in the county treasury, among the several school districts in their respective counties, in proportion to the number of persons in the district over the age of four, and under twenty one years, and certify the amount due to each district, which shall be drawn as hereafter directed; and he shall forthwith notify the clerks of the school districts of the amount due their respective districts.

SEC. 9. When the districts shall have complied with the law, as orders on hereafter directed, it shall be the duty of the superintendent to funds ap-issue orders on the county treasury in favor of the clerks of the proprieted districts, for the amount of the school funds appropriated to each; on the presentation of which order, the treasurer of the county shall pay over to the clerks of the districts all moneys due the respective districts, and the clerks shall indorse on said order a receipt for so much as shall be paid thereon, and they shall also sign a duplicate

CHAPTER 2. receipt, which shall be deposited with the superintendent, who shall credit the treasury of the county therewith, and charge the same to the proper district.

Duties superintend-

or SEC. 10. The superintendent shall, in the name of the county, ent in rela- collect, or cause to be collected, all moneys due the school fund tion to school from fines, or from any other source in his county; and until the legislature shall make some provision for the disposal of the school

lands given by congress to the territory for school purposes, it shall be the duty of the superintendent to preserve said lands from injury and trespass; and when it shall come to his knowledge that any trespass has been committed on such lands, by cutting or carrying off timber, or other material, from such lands, he shall immediately proceed against such trespasser, as provided by law in other cases, and he shall make complaint of the same before the grand jury of the proper county, at the first regular term of court after he has obtained a knowledge of such trespass.

Trespasses lands.

SEC. 11. Any person trespassing upon or injuring the school lands, as mentioned in the preceding section, shall be liable to be indicted for the same, and upon conviction, shall be fined in double damages, one half to be paid into the irreducible fund mentioned in the first section of this act, and the other half to be paid into the county treasury for the use of the county.

SEC. 12. It shall be the duty of the county superintendent to as-Selection of ands in new certain what portions of sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six, and 36 occu- in each township in his county, are claimed by settlers occupying survey made the same before the survey was made. Upon ascertaining the amount thus claimed in any township, he shall proceed without any unnecessary delay, to select other lands in lieu thereof, and make report to the surveyor general of such selections; which report shall describe the lands so selected, by numbers, and also state the amount, as near as may be; it shall also state what townships contain the unoccupied lands that were selected in lieu thereof. It shall also be his duty to give public notice of such selection by posting up notices in three public places in his county, one of which shall be at the county seat, and the others in the vicinity of the lands selected, describing said lands by their numbers, and such

Compensa tion.

other description as he may deem expedient. SEC. 13. The said superintendent shall be allowed out of the county treasury, in compensation for his services, the sum of one hundred dollars a year. The county commissioners, may, in their discretion, if they think the services rendered demand it, increase his salary to any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars a year.

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CHAPTER III.

SCHOOLS.

TITLE I. School Meetings. TITLE II. Clerks. TITLE III. Teachers.

TITLE I.

School Meetings.

SEC. 1. When school meeting may be called ; as to what shall constitute a quorum.

2. Power of such meeting the same as regular yearly meeting.

8. Organization of meeting ; election of directors.

4. Directors to qualify within ten days after election. 5. Duty and powers of directors.

6. Two directors constitute a quorum.

7. Duty of directors to visit schools; promote uniformity of education, and prescribe rules for discipline.

SEC. 1. A school meeting may be called at any time for the pur- when called. pose of organizing a new district, as provided in section four, under Quorum. the title of county superintendent. No number less than five legal voters shall constitute a quorum, to do business in any district meeting.

SEC. 2. Such school meeting shall have power to do all necessary Power of business, the same as the regular annual school meeting would meeting. have.

SEC. 3. Such meeting when assembled, shall organize by the How to orgaappointment of a chairman and secretary. It shall then proceed tion of direcby ballot to elect three directors, who shall hold their office till the tors. next annual meeting, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 4. The directors shall qualify within ten days after their Directors to election, by taking an oath or affirmation faithfully to discharge quality. the duties of the office, to the best of their abilities; and to promote the interest of education within their district. The chairman of such meeting shall be authorized to administer this oath, which shall be in writing and filed with the clerk of the district.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the directors of every school dis- Their duties. triet:

1. To call special meetings of the district whenever they shall deem it necessary :

2. To make out a tax list of every district tax, containing the names of the taxable inhabitants in the district, and the amount of tax payable by each inhabitant set opposite his name;

3. To annex to such tax list a warrant directed to the clerk of the district, for the collection of the sums in such list mentioned, including five per cent. for the fees of said clerk;

4. To purchase or lease a site for the district school house, as designated by a meeting of the district, and to build, hire or purchase, keep in repair and furnish such school house with necessary fuel and appendages, out of the funds collected and paid to the clerk for such purpose, and to have the custody and safe keeping of the district school house ;

TITLE 1.

5. To contract with and employ teachers; *Provided* that no teacher shall be employed who shall not produce a certificate from the county superintendent as is required by law, of good moral character and qualification to teach a district school;

6. To give orders to the teachers on the district clerk for their wages.

SEC. 6. Any two of said directors shall constitute a quorum to do business.

Visits: uniformity of the school or schools of their respective districts, at least twice in fractory each term, they shall endeavor to procure the introduction of a

good and uniform system of school books in their district; and when the teacher experiences difficulty in the government of the school, it shall be his duty to refer the cases of disorderly scholars to the directors, who shall decide whether such refractory scholar shall be compelled by suitable punishment to conform to the rules of school or be expelled from it.

TITLE II.

Clerks.

SEC. 8. Election of clerks.

9. Duty of clerks. 10. Annual report when to be made and what to contain.

11. Annual accounts; clerk when to pay over to successor.

12. Annual school meetings when held; notice of meeting.

13. As to who may vote at school meeting.

14. Adjournments.

15. Power of meeting to levy certain tax; library.

16. Notice of tax to be given in call for meeting.

Organized school district a body politic.
 District tax how assessed by directors.

Olerk, election; to qualify; term of office

SEC. 8. The first school meeting shall also elect a district clerk, who shall continue in office for the term of one year and until his successor is elected and qualified. He shall qualify within ten days after his election, by giving bond to the district directors in such sum as they may require, that he shall well and truly perform the duties of his office, and pay over all moneys coming into his hands by virtue of his office as by law directed. If a clerk be elected to fill a vacancy, he shall continue in office for the unexpired term; and if elected at the first meeting, not being the regular annual meeting, he shall continue in office until the next annual meeting.

Duties.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the clerk of each district :

1. To record the proceedings of his district in a book, to be provided for that purpose by the district;

2. To give notice of annual or special meetings;

3. To procure a list of all persons in the district between the ages of four and twenty one years;

4. To collect all district taxes which he shall be required by the warrant from the directors to collect within the time limited in each warrant for its return; and he shall have the same authority to enforce the collection of such tax, as the county collector has for collecting the county tax, and he shall be allowed five per cent. for collecting;

5. To retain a copy of all reports made to the county superintendent relating to the affairs of the district.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the clerk to furnish the county Report. superintendent, at least twenty days before the first Friday in November of each year, a report containing the number of scholars in his district over four and under twenty-one years of age; how long a school has been kept in his district the past year; what school books are principally used; what proportion of the scholars in the district have attended school; and the amount of money paid to teachers.

SEC. 11. The clerk of each district shall, at the close of each year Annual acount. of his office, make out in writing a just and true account of all count. moneys received by him for the use of the district, and the manner in which the same shall have been expended, which account shall be read at the annual district meeting. The clerk shall pay over Payment to all moneys remaining in his hands belonging to the district, to his successor, when his successor has legally qualified, and upon a refusal or neglect so to do, the directors shall forthwith bring suit upon his bond.

SEC. 12. There shall be an annual school meeting held in each Annual district upon the first Friday in November; and notices of all annual or special meetings shall be in writing, signed by the clerk or directors of the district, and shall state the object for which the meeting is called; and shall be posted up in three public places in the district, at least six days previous to the day of holding such meeting.

SEC. 13. Every inhabitant over the age of twenty-one years, who Voters at. shall have resided in any school district for one month, immediately preceding any district meeting, and who shall have paid, or be liable to pay any tax except road tax in said district, shall be a legal voter at any school meeting, and no other person shall be allowed to vote.

SEC. 14. Any school meeting shall have power to adjourn Adjournfrom time to time as occasion may require.

SEC. 15. A school meeting legally called shall have power by Power or the vote of a majority present, to levy a tax on all the taxable levy certain property in the district, as the meeting shall deem sufficient to purtax. chase or lease a suitable site for a school-house, and to build, hire or purchase a school-house and keep it in repair, and furnish the same with necessary fuel and appendages, and to levy an additional tax on the district for the purchase or increase of a district library, globes, maps and such apparatus as the interest and well-being of the school shall require. The library shall consist of such books as the district meeting shall direct.

SEC. 16. In all cases when a tax is to be levied, it shall be stated Library. in the notices given of the meeting, for what purpose or purposes a tax is to be levied.

SEC. 17. When a district is organized, it shall be to all intents organized and purposes a body corporate, capable of suing and being sued, body corpoand fully competent to transact all business appertaining to schools rate. or school-houses in their own district; and it shall be the duty of the directors to prosecute or defend any demands for or against

TITLE 2.

Quorum.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

CHAPTER 4. their district, and notice shall be served upon one of the directors of any suit brought against a district.

Taxes how SEC. 18. All district taxes shall be assessed by the directors, acassessed. cording to the valuation of property made for the assessment of county taxes, and shall be collected by the clerk of the district, with an addition of five per cent. on the same, which the clerk shall receive for his services. Any person aggrieved by an excessive as-Excessive taxes reotisessment of the directors of any school district, may have the same

fied. reduced by his own affidavit or any competent testimony, to the satisfaction of the clerk.

TITLE III.

Teachers.

SEC. 19. Teacher to procure certificate of character ; register.

SEC. 19. It shall be the duty of every teacher of a common school Certificate of character. to procure a certificate of qualification and good moral character, before entering on the duties of a teacher. It shall be his duty to keep a register of the names of the children attending school, their Register. age, the time when they begin, the time they continue, and of their daily attendance, which register shall be filed with the clerk of the district at the close of every term.

CHAPTER IV.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 1. Minutes of first meeting to be signed by chairman and secretary, and delivered to clerk.

2. Who to be chairman and secretary.

8. Meetings may alter or repeal prior proceedings.

4. Power of meeting to levy tax.

5. Districts failing to organize or report not entitled to school funds; proviso. 6. County superintendent to apportion funds to organize districts only.

7. Schools, when to be free.

8. When scholars not in district may attend without charge. 9. County superintendent may hold any other office in territory.

10. When directors to appoint librarian.

11. Act when to effect.

Minutes of SEC. 1. The minutes of the first school meeting shall be signed first school by the chairman and secretary, and delivered to the clerk of the meeting. district, who shall file the same in his office.

SEC. 2. In all school meetings, the director whose term of office Chairman & secretary. shall first expire shall act as chairman, and the clerk of the district shall act as secretary.

SEC. 3. District meetings shall have power to repeal, alter or Meeting may alter, dc., modify their proceedings from time to time as occasion may require. prior DTOceedings.

SEC. 4. District meetings, legally called, shall have power to levy Power a tax upon the property of the district for any purpose whatever, meeting

connected with, and for the benefit of schools, and the promotion of levy thr. education in the district. Provided, that two-thirds of the legal voters present are in favor of such tax,

PUBLIC PRINTING.

SEC. 5. Any new district failing to organize and report to the CHAPTER1. county superintendent the number of children over four and under Districts twenty-one years of age in said district, at least twenty days before failing to orthe first Friday in November, or any district having been organ- port, not enized for the term of one year or more, failing to report to the coun- school funds, ty superintendent, as is required in section eleven of the chapter entitled "School Meetings," in this act, shall not be entitled to any portion of the county school fund for the year ; Provided, that if the Provise. clerk of any school district shall fail to make such report, any inhabitant of such district may make such report, verified on oath. and the county superintendent shall receive it, the same as if made by the clerk.

SEC. 6. The county superintendent shall apportion all the county Funds school fund for that year, among those districts only which have portioned to organized organized and reported according to law. districts

SEC. 7. Whenever a school is kept in any district, the teacher of schools which shall be supported out of the general county school fund, or when free. by tax on the district as aforesaid, such school shall be open and free to all children between the ages of four and twenty-one years in such district.

SEC. 8. The directors of any district may permit scholars living scholars not out of the district to attend school with or without charge, as they is district. may deem proper.

SEC. 9. No person shall be disqualified to hold the office of county superintendent, district director or clerk, on account of holding any other office within the territory at the same time.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the directors to appoint a suit- Librarian. able person for librarian, when the district shall have procured a library.

SEC. 11. This act to take effect and be in force from and after Act when to its passage.

Passed January 12th, 1854.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE PUBLIC PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE LAWS AND JOURNALS.

CHAPTER I.

FUBLIC FRINTING.

SEC. 1. Printer how elected; term of office; his bond.

2. Rates of allowance.

- 3. Number of copies of law, council and house journal to be printed annually, and how to be distributed by secretary.
- 4. Secretary of territory to procure practical printer to inspect work of public printer; compensation of inspector.
- 5. Clerks of assembly and council to furnish printer copy of laws and journals twenty days after adjournment.
- 6. Printer to index and annotate said laws and journal.

7. Laws originating in the house or council, when and by whom to be furnished. 8. Printer when to insert in newspaper all laws so furnished.

9 How long newspaper may be read in evidence.

10. Acts heretofore passed relative to public printing repealed. 11. Act when to take effect.

CHAPTER 1. SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Public prin. Oregon, That there shall be elected biennially, by the legislative assembly on joint ballot, a territorial printer, who shall serve for office: bond, two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and

such printer shall, within ten days after his election, or before entering upon the duties of his office, enter into bonds with sufficient surety, to be approved by the territorial treasurer, and file in the office of the territorial auditor, with conditions for the prompt and workmanlike execution of the public printing, and faithful performance of all the duties required of him by law.

Rate of allowance.

SEC. 2. The prices to be paid such printer, are hereby established as follows: The composition per thousand ems, two dollars and fifty cents; press work per token, common form, two dollars and fifty cents; folding reports and bills per thousand copies on each signature, three dollars; stitching reports and bills per thousand copies, one dollar and fifty cents; paper, eight dollars per ream; and for binding in strong paper or otherwise, a reasonable compensation shall be allowed; and the secretary of the territory shall defray the expenses of the same out of any money in his hands, appropriated by congress to pay the expenses of the legislation of this territory.

Number of SEC. 3. The territorial printer shall annually cause one thousand copies of copies of the laws, three hundred copies of the journals of the faws, coanconcil, and three hundred copies of the journal of the house of house journals to be representatives, to be printed and delivered to the secretary of the printed. How to territory, to be by him disposed of as follows: one copy of each to be distributhe members of the legislative assembly, their officers and clerks; tary of terrione copy of each to the civil officers of this territory, appointed by terry.

library, one copy of each to be deposited with the county auditor of each county for inspection of the public; the remaining portion to be distributed among the several counties in proportion to their population, to be received by the county commissioners' elerks, and receipted for by them.

Secretary of SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the secretary of territory to state to procure practical printer farnished by the territorial printer is executed in a workmanlike to inspect manner, and to measure and estimate the same, and to give a cerpublic printificate, under affidavit, to said territorial printer to that effect,

and the said practical printer shall receive as a compensation for his services the sum of five dollars per day for the time necessarily employed in said duty.

Clerks to SEC. 5. Manuscript copies of said laws and journals shall be furnish printer copy of furnished the said territorial printer by the chief clerks of the two branches of the legislative assembly, within twenty days after the journal adjournment, for which services they shall receive the sum of five after ad dollars per day, to be paid out of any money appropriated by journment.

- congress to defray the expenses of the legislature of this territory, the clerk of the house of representatives to furnish a copy of all
- laws originating in the house, and the clerk of the council to furnish a copy of all laws originating in the council.

and he shall receive for said services the sum of five dollars per CHAPTER 1. day.

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SEC. 7. Copies of all laws originating in the council, shall be Laws originating furnished by the clerk of the council to the territorial printer or council within ten days after their passage, and copies of all laws originat- when and by ing in the house, shall in like manner be furnished by the clerk of furnished. the house.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the territorial printer to publish Laws so furin the columns of the newspaper by him published, all laws by the published in clerks so furnished, within twenty days after their passage, and he newspaper... shall receive the sum of two dollars fifty cents per thousand ems, as a compensation for such services, to be paid by the secretary of the territory.

SEC. 9. Every law so published may be read in evidence from ^{ID. How long} the paper in which it shall be contained, in all courts of justice in ^{ID. How long} this territory, and in proceedings before any officer, body or board; until six months after the close of the session at which it became a law.

SEC. 10. All acts heretofore passed relative to the public printing Prior acts are hereby repealed.

SEC. 11. This act to take effect and be in force from and after take effect. its passage.

Passed January 11th, 1854.

AN ACT TO CREATE AND REGULATE THE OFFICE OF PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

SEC. 1. Prosecuting attorney, how chosen, term of office ; proviso.

- 2. Votes, how canvassed. Certificate to be issued.
- 8. Attorney to be sworn ; form of oath.
- 4. Duties of prosecuting attorney.
- 5. To report annually to the secretary of the territory.
- 6. In case of failure of attorney to discharge the duties of his office, or of vacancy, district court to appoint.
- 7. Powers and compensation of the officer appointed.
- 8. Not to receive fee or reward, or practice as an attorney in cortain cases. Penalty for so doing.
- 9. To be paid a salary.
- 10. Fees of prosecuting attorney.
- 11. To receive ten per cent. on all forfeited recognizances, fines, forfeitures, &c. Fees for defending or prosecuting civil suits on behalf of any county. For attendance.
- 12. Certain fees to be paid by counties, where or on behalf of which the service was rendered.
- 13. Fees allowed by tenth section to be taxed as costs againt prisoner convicted.

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- 14. Duty of magistrates who commit or hold to bail any person charged with crime.
- 15. When act to take effect. Former act repealed.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oregon, That there shall be elected annually, at the general election, How chosen; by the qualified voters in the several judicial districts, a prosecutnce. ing attorney for each judicial district, who shall hold his office until his successor shall be elected and qualified: Provided, that the legislative assembly, at its present session, shall elect, on joint ballot, prosecuting attorneys for the several judicial districts, who 434

CHAPTERS. shall hold their office until the next general election, or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Votes how SEC. 2. The clerks of the boards of county commissioners shall

- make out an abstract of the votes given in their respective councan vassed. ties for prosecuting attorney, and transmit the same to the secretary of the territory ; and said votes shall be canvassed, and a certificate issued, in the same manner as in the election of delegate to Congress.
- · SEC. 3. Before entering upon the discharge of his duties, the Oath. prosecuting attorney shall take and subscribe the following oath of office, to be indorsed on the back of said certificate, before any person authorized to administer oaths, and shall file the same in the office of the secretary of the territory.
- I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Its form. constitution of the United States, will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of prosecuting attorney to the best of my ability, and that I will prosecute no person through envy, hatred, or malice; that I will leave no person unprosecuted through fear, affection, or hope of reward.
- SEC. 4. He shall reside in his district during his continuance in flis dutica. office, shall commence and prosecute all civil and criminal actions in which the territory or any county in his district may be a party, defend all suits brought against the territory or any county in his district, and prosecute all forfeited recognizances and actions for the recovery of debts, fines, penalties, and forfeitures, accruing to the territory or any county in his district. He shall appear on behalf of the territory in the supreme court in all appeals or writs of error, taken from any county in his district.
- SEC. 5. The several prosecuting attorneys shall annually, in the Report. month of December, make, to the sccretary of the territory, a report of the amount and kind of official business by them done respectively, in the preceding year, the number of persons prosecuted, the offences for which such prosecutions were had, the results thereof, and the punishment awarded in each case, with such particular statements and suggestions as he may deem interesting and useful.

SEC. 6. If the prosecuting attorney of any district be unable to Appointsecular at attend to the duties of his office, from sickness or absence, or the office should become vacant by death, removal, resignation, or torney pro otherwise, the district court shall appoint some suitable person of the proper district to discharge the duties of the office during such inability or vacancy, as the case may be.

SEC 7. The person thus appointed shall possess the same power Compensaand receive the same compensation, as the proper officer would if tion. he were present.

SEC. 8. He shall not receive any fee or reward from, or on be-When not to receive fees, half of, any prosecutor, for any of his official services, or during the pendency of any such prosecution, be engaged as counsel or attorpractice. ney, for either party, in any civil action depending essentially upon the same facts. If any prosecuting attorney shall violate the provisions of this section, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon indictment and conviction thereof, shall be struck from CHAPTER 1. the roll of attorneys, and be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, for the use of the proper county.

SEC. 9. Each prosecuting attorney shall be entitled to receive a Payment of salary, in semi-annual payments, on the first day of July and Jan- salary. uary in each year, at the annual rate of five hundred dollars, to be paid from the territorial treasury.

SEC. 10. Each prosecuting attorney shall receive the following Fees. fees: In all criminal prosecutions where the punishment is death, or imprisonment for life, where the prisoner is convicted, twentyfive dollars; where the prisoner is acquitted, twelve dollars. In all criminal prosecutions where the punishment is imprisonment in the penitentiary for any less term than for life, where the prisoner is convicted, fifteen dollars; where the prisoner is acquitted, seven dollars. In all criminal prosecutions, where the punishmeut is imprisonment in the county jail, or not particularly specified in this section, where the prisoner is convicted, ten dollars; where the prisoner is acquitted, five dollars.

SEC. 11. Each prosecuting attorney shall receive for the prose- n. cution of all forfeited recognizances, debts, fines and forfeitures, accruing to the territory or any county in his district, ten per cent. upon the amount recovered. For each civil suit that he may defend or prosecute on behalf of any county in his district, twentyfive dollars. For each day's attendance upon the district court, during the sitting of grand jury, in any county in his district, five dollars.

SEC. 12. The fees of prosecuting attorneys, provided for in the **B**. When ninth and tenth sections of this act, shall be paid by the county paid. When where or to which the service was rendered. It shall be the duty of the district clerk, at the close of each term of the district court in his county, to tax the fees of the prosecuting attorney for that term, which bill of fees shall be approved by the judge of the district court. Upon presentation of said bill of fees to the proper officer of the county, it shall be his duty to draw a warrant upon the county treasury for the amount of said bill in favor of the prosecuting attorney.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the district clerk, in all criminal Fees taxed prosecutions, where the prisoner is convicted, to tax and collect, as against concosts against such prisoner, for the use of the county, an amount in viet. each case equal to the fees allowed the prosecuting attorney by the tenth section of this act. Said district clerk shall pay said fees, when collected, semi-annually into the county treasury, taking duplicate receipts from the county treasurer therefor, one to be re- Paid tained by himself, and the other to be filed in the office of the treasury. board of county commissioners, which receipt, when so filed, shall be sufficient to charge the county treasurer with the receipt of said fees.

SEC. 14. Each magistrate who shall commit or hold to bail any magistrate person charged with crime against the laws of this territory, shall to transmit immediately make out and transmit, under seal, by mail or other safe conveyance, to the prosecuting attorney of the proper district, a copy of the original affidavit, the statements of the prisoner, and

Duty of com-

CHAPTER 1. depositions of all the witnesses examined on the part of the Territory.

Act, "eother SEC. 15. The act entitled "an act to provide for the selection of prosecuting attorneys;" passed September 29th, 1849, is hereby repealed.

Act when to SEC. 16. This act to take effect and be in force from and after take effect. its passage.

Passed the Council, January 10th, 1853. Passed the House of Representatives, January 26th, 1853.

AN ACT TO REGULATE NOTARIES PUBLIC.

SEC. 1. Appointment of notaries public; term of office.

- 2. Notary to take oath and give bond before acting.
- When notary or executor to deposit records and papers with clerk of court; penalty for neglect.
- 4 & 5. Duties of notary relative to protests; when service may be by mail.
- 6. Notary to keep record : what to contain; of what evidence.
- Clerk of district court to preserve records, &c., may give copies thereof; forfeitures under this chapter how recovered.
- S. Seal of notary ; impression thereof to be deposited with secretary.
- 9. Power to take acknowledgment of deeds and administer oaths.
- 10. Full credit to be given to their acts.
- 11. Act when to take effect.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of foregon, That the governor shall appoint, in each of the organized protection of the organized territory, one or more notaries public, who shall be the term of two years, unless sooner removed by the governor, and who shall have power to act by virtue of their office throughout the territory.

Dath bond.

SEC. 2. Each and every notary public, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall take an oath to support the constitution of the United States, and for the faithful discharge of the duties of his said office, and shall give a bond to the governor with sufficient surety, in the penal sum of five hundred dollars, conditioned for the discharge of the duties of his said office. SEC. 3. Whenever the office of any notary public shall become

Records, when deposited with clerk of court.

vacant, the records of said notary public, together with all the papers rolating to the office, shall be deposited in the office of the clerk of the district court in the county in which the said notary public resides; and any notary public, who, on his resignation or removal from office, shall neglect to deposit such records and papers in the clerk's office as aforesaid for the space of three months, shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than fifty, nor more than five hundred dollars; and if any executor or administrator of any deceased notary public, shall neglect to lodge such records and papers as aforesaid, which come into his hands, in the clerk's office for the space of three months after the acceptance of that trust, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than fifty, nor more than five hundred dollars; and if any person shall knowingly destroy, deface, or conceal any records or papers of any notary public, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than fifty, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be moreover liable to an action CHAPTER 1. for damages by the party injured.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of each and every notary public, putters of, rewhen any bill of exchange, promissory note, or other written intests. strument, shall be by him protested for non-acceptance, or non-payment, to give notice thereof to the maker, and each and every indorser of a bill of exchange, and to the maker or makers of, and each and every security or indorser of any promissory note, or other written instrument, immediately after such protest shall have been made.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of every notary public personally to 1b. Provise. serve the notice upon the person or persons protested against— *Provided*, he or they reside within two miles of the residence of such notary public; but if such person or persons reside more than two miles from such residence, the said notice may be forwarded by mail or other safe conveyance.

SEC. 6. Each and every notary public shall keep a record of all To keep resuch notices, and of the time and manner in which the same shall tices, ta have been served, and of the names of all the parties to whom the same were directed, and the description and amount of the instrument protested; which record shall at all times be competent evidence to prove such notices, in any trial before any court in this territory, where proof of such notice may become requisite.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the several clerks of the district Duties of courts to receive and keep safe all the records and papers, directed trict courts. by this chapter to be deposited in their office, and give attested copies of any of said records or papers when required, and copies so given by the said clerk, are hereby declared to be as valid as if the same had been given by the said notaries public. All forfeitures under this chapter shall be, one-half to the use of this territory, and the other half to him or them who shall sue for the same; to be recovered in a civil action in any court having jurisdiction of the same, in the county where such notary public shall reside.

SEC. 8. Every notary public, before he enters upon the duties seal. of his office, shall provide an official seal, and deposit an impression of the same, together with said oath and bond, in the office of the secretary of the territory.

SEC. 9. Notaries public shall have full power and authority to May take not take acknowledgments of deeds, and to administer oaths in all menta of cases where oaths are required by law to be made.

SEC. 10. Full faith and credit shall be given to all the protesta- run credit to tions, attestations, and other instruments of publication of all notaries public, now in office or hereafter to be appointed under the provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and af- Act when to ter the first day of May next.

Passed January 18, 1854.

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438	FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.
CHAPTER 1.	AN ACT TO REGULATE THE FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.
	 SEC. 1. Fees prescribed to certain officers, &c. 2. Fees of the secretary of the territory. 3. Of judge of probate. 4. Clerk of the supreme court. 5. Of elerk of district court. 6. Of coroners. 7. Of sheriffs. 8. Of justices of the peace. 9. Of constables. 10. Of recorder of deeds. 11. Of county auditors. 12. Of clerks of coronissioners.
-32	 Of jarors. Of commissioners. Of notaries public. Of appraisers. Of county commissioners. Of county commissioners. General provisions. Mileage, how computed. Additional fees, &c., allowed in Jackson and Coos county. When district court to determine in case no fees provided : when board of commissioners. Meaning of "folio," when used in computing fees, &c.
1015	 24. Officer to publish list of fees; penalty for neglect. 25. Allowance of fees, service when not to apply. 26. No officer to receive greater fees than herein allowed. 27. Violation of last section a misdemeanor. 28. Receipt for fees when to be given. 29. Fees due witnesses, when to be entered by clerk. 30. Act when to take effect.
Fees pre- scribed. Fees of sec- retary of territory.	SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oregon, That for the services mentioned in this chapter, hereafter done or performed by the several officers or persons herein named, the following prescribed fees shall be allowed: SEC. 2. The fees of the secretary of the territory, for any services herein specified, to be rendered by him, shall be as follows:
	Recording any document or paper by law required to be re- corded by him, for each folio, 40 Making copies of any record, for each folio, 25 Certifying and affixing the seal of the territory to any docu- ment or paper, 200 Distributing the laws and journals of each regular session of the legislative assembly, to be paid out of the territo- rial treasury, 100 00
Ib. Of judge of probate.	SEC. 3. The fees of judge of probate shall be as follows:

Issuing letters testamentary, of administration or guardian-ship, 400 Refusing letters, or probate of a will upon any application therefor, - 400 Drawing bond and taking the same in any case, 150 Approving such bond, for each surety therein, 25 Writing and taking any affidavit, 150

And for every one hundred words contained in any affidavit,	\$ Cts. CHAPTERT
over one hundred words,	25
Entering of record any appointment,	50
Writing a petition iu any case, when required by a party, -	1 00
Issuing a citation,	1 00
Issuing any other instrument under seal.	
Hearing a petition in any case,	1 00
Hearing each contested case,	50
Hearing a complaint against a grandthain 1	5 00
Hearing a complaint against a spendthrift or lunatic,	3 00
For each decree, order, or allowance of court, entered of	and the second second
record,	75
Entering a continuance when asked by a party, to be paid	
by party asking same,	75
Making a final settlement in any case,	2 00
Entering an allowance of appeal,	50
Examining and correcting any inventory, appraisement, or bill of sale, for each folio,	1111 200
Becording our percention	20
Recording any paper, required by law to be recorded, for each folio,	95
Making copies of any record or paper, for each folio,	35
Extending letters of administration,	30
Making certificate of necessity for a sale of real estate,	75
Order for the sale of real estate,	1 00
Executing and acknowledging a doud for the all of	1 00
Executing and acknowledging a deed for the sale of real	
estate, sold by executors, administrators, or guardians, -	3 00
Executing indeutures of apprenticeship,	2 00
Assigning personal estate, or dower in real estate to widow,	1 00
For order of apportionment of an insolvent's estate among his	
cicultors, -	1 50
Filing any paper required by law to be filed, -	10
Administering an oath,	15
Indorsing allowance on an account, and classing the same,	20
intering any case on the docket.	20
Carrying each item from record to the journal,	10
Carrying gross amount to ledger.	10
Alphabeting an estate, to be charged but once on each book	20
In addition to the above fees, each judge of probate shall	40
be allowed one hundred dollars per annum, to be paid	
quarterly, out of the county treasury.	
- s, et al occurry wousdry.	
SEC. 4. The fees of the alask of the average and 1 is	
SEC. 4. The fees of the clerk of the supreme court shall be as follows:	Fees of clork of supreme
	court.
For every writ of error, or other original writ allowed,	1 50
ertification of the court to any process, with a certification	1 50
	50
Filing the papers sent at any one time from a district court,	50
a cause other than from a district	
	20
Entering cause on the docket,	50
Entering appearance or default of parties,	50
Entering each motion in cause	25
Entering each rule or order,	
	75

 cataras: Fattering a judgment, derrae, or scatterae,	440	FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.			FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.	\$ ets	441
Making a certified copy of any pleading, order, judgment, derew, or other proceeding, field or or record, for each folio, and copy of any pleading, order shall folio, meeter and folio, term each folio, according opinion of the supreme court, for each folio, term each folio, t	CHAPTER 1	Issuing a remitter, mandate or procedendo to a district court,	1 00 75		Taking depositions, for each folio,	28 28 2 00	CHAPTER 1.
Beschling opinion of the supreme court, for each folic, 15 control of the supreme court, for each folic, 100 Preview: Szc. 5, The fees of the clerks of the distric court shall Entering final admission of slices to rights of clicenship, 100 For issuing rand scaling any writ of summous, attachment, reprint the scale of courts, 100 Issuing a wrarant of a correst, 100 Scc. 6. The fees of coroners shall be as follows: 500 For each additional person named, 100 Drewing all operson area 500 Pring a writ of summon as witness, 20 Drewing all operson named, 500 Baseing a milegen write of summon as witness, 20 Drewing all operson named, 100 The set of a write operson named, 20 Drewing all operson named, 100 Baseing a milegen write, corony other pleading 100 Scc. 7. The fees of sheriffs shall be as follows: 100 Coroning appearance of either party, personally or person all operson all ope		Making a certified copy of any pleading, order, judgment, decree, or other proceeding, filed or of record, for each		44	Filing a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States,	1 00	
processes remember entioned remember setting and sealing any writ of summons, attachment, replevin, certioarri, hadras corpus, mandanus, or other ori- ginal writ (scapen subpension)100Making certified corpy thereof, under seal of court, settings, for each folio, 20500For issuing and sealing any writ of summons, attachment, replevin, certiforri, hadras corpus, ginal writ (scapen subpension)100Size: 6. The fees of corners shall be as follows:Size: 6 are stored to the services of a writ of summons, attachment, replevin, or other original writ, 				~	court	1 00	
For issuing and seeling any writ of summons, attachment, repletin, exterior, it decays, anadamas, or other ori- grinal writ, (except a subpound, or arest, for each additional person named, it do100 100John 100John 100Issuing a warrat of a arest, issuing a subpean for a arest, issuing a warrat of a arest, issuing a subpean for a arest, issuing a aperon and or index arest, issuing a aperon and or a default, or confission, or substead issuing a aperon balfor a judgment, issuing a aperon for a call, issuing a aperon and a subpean, for acht parson named, issuing a aperon and a subpean, for acht parson named, issuing and notice of a with of summons, attachment, replyrin, issuing a default and upon a size of fact or law, or report of referees, judgment by default, or confission, or substeadion index or and rotice of apeal to supreme court, issuing and notice of apeal to supreme court, issuing and notice of apeal to supreme court, issuing and approvin	of distric				Making certified copy thereof, under seal of court,	1 00)
replevin, evidence, likewing an warrant of arrest,100100Dolding an inquest upon dead body, (besides mileage,)500Issuing a warrant of arrest,100Dawing an expected holic,22Issuing a warrant of arrest,100Dawing an expected holic,23Issuing a warrant of arrest,100Dawing an expected holic,25For each additional person named,10Dawing an expected holic,25Issuing an expection,100Dawing an expected holic,26Issuing a continuance,100Dawing an expected holic,100Issuing a subpeas and only in the paper,100Dawing an expected holic,20Docketing appeal from justice of the paper,100Dawing an expected holic,100Entering aborting shoriffs return on each writ,26Berring a defendant,100Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit,26Berring a writ of pressonal property,100Entering a motion,25Committing the part,200Entering a anotion,25Berring a writ of pressen, for each ling, rule of referees, rule and neuring a writ of pressen, for each person, in and neuring a writ of pressen, for each person, in and neuring write, for each panel, basic200Entering a notion,25Berring a antennee of death,50Issuing a ad and neuring a write of present, and noticing write, for each person, in an each write, and neuring a write of present, and noticing write, for each basic, and giving a noticing a write of present, and neuring and write of present, and neuring a write of present, and nethal ing, rule of error,		For issuing and sealing any writ of summons, attachment.			SEC. 6. The fees of coroners shall be as follows:		Fees of coro-
or paper,or paper,15Entering canse on docket, to be charged but once,25Docketing appeal from justice of the peace,50Docketing appeal from justice of the peace,50Entering appeal from justice of the peace,50Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit,50Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit,50Entering a continuance, discontinuance, discontinu		replevin, certiorari, habeas corpus, mandamus, or other ori- ginal writ, (except a subpœna,) Issuing a warrant of arrest, Issuing a subpœna for one person as a witness,	1 00 25		Drawing all necessary writings, for each folio, For all services rendered by them, the same fees as are		
or paper,or paper,15Entering canse on docket, to be charged but once,25Docketing appeal from justice of the peace,50Docketing appeal from justice of the peace,50Entering appeal from justice of the peace,50Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at25Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit,50Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit,50Entering a continuance, discontinuance, discontinu		For each additional person named, Issuing an execution, Filing complaint answer demurrer, or any other pleading			SEC. 7. The fees of sheriffs shall be as follows:		Pecs of sher-
Entering shearance of either party, personally or by at- Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at- Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at- torney,		or paper, Entering cause on docket, to be charged but once, Docketing appeal from justice of the peace,	25 50		or other original writ, (except subponas for witnesses,) on each defendant,		
referes; judgment by default, or confession, or satisfaction of a judgment,		Entering each writ, Entering sheriff's return on each writ, Entering appearance of either party, personally or by at-	20		Arresting a defendant upon civil or criminal process, Committing to prison or discharging therefrom, or attending	1 50)
referes; judgment by default, or confession, or satisfaction of a judgment,		Entering a continuance, discontinuance, or nonsuit, Entering judgment upon an issue of fact or law, or report of	50	9	Executing a sentence of death,	50 00)
Entering a special rule, recognizance, discharge of recognizance, surrender of bail by principal, order cancelling bail- bond or undertaking, rule of reference, report of refereed. aud notice of appeal to supreme court, writ of venire for jury charged in each cause, Entering jury on docket, Entering jury on docket, Entering calm of each witness order to him, Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases, Entering allowance of a writ of error, certiovari or appeal, Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases, For certificate with seal, Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio, 20Serving and returning a subpona, for each person named, Serving and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, ou each person, Drawing and returning any order of court, or undertaking, Summoning a grand and trial jury, for each panel, Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,) Summoning a jury in each case, Summoning a jury in each case, Summoning a jury in each case, Summoning a grand approving bond or undertaking on writ of error, certiovari or appeal, Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases, Summoning a proving bond or undertaking in other cases, Summoning a deed of land sold on execution, decree, or order of court, to be paid by the county, Summoning a fared and sold on execution, decree, or order of court, to be paid by		referees; judgment by default, or confession, or satisfaction of a judgment,	75		Serving a writ of possession, with the power of the county, Executing and returning a writ of inquiry, or appraisal of		
and notice of appeal to supreme court,75Writ of venire for jury charged in each cause,50Receiving panel and swearing jury,50Entering jury on docket,50Entering iny on docket,50Swearing each witness,25Swearing each witness,25Swearing claim of each witness for attendance, and giving25Order to him,25Taxing costs in a cause,50Entering allowance of a writ of error,50Certiorari or appeal,75Taking and approving bond or undertaking on writ of error,75Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio,75Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio,20Making up a record of any process20Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio,20Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, 		Entering a special rule, recognizance, discharge of recogniz- ance, surrender of bail by principal, order cancelling bail-			Serving and returning a subporna, for each person named, Serving and returning any order of court, ou each person.	50 1 00	í.
Entering jury on docket,25Receiving and entering verdict,50Swearing each witness,50Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides mileage,)Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides 		and notice of appeal to supreme court,	75 50		Making and delivering a copy of any writ or process neces- sary to complete a service, for each folio.		
Swearing each witness,258 00Entering claim of each witness for attendance, and giving order to him,25Calling a jury in each case, per centage on all moneys actually made and paid to the sheriff on execution, order, decree, or sale of property under one thousand dollars,50Taking and approving bond or undertaking on writ of error, certiorari or appeal,7505Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases, For certificate with seal,7502Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, 		Entering jury on docket, Receiving and entering verdict,	25 50		Summoning a jury in other cases, required by law, (besides	15 00	
Taxing costs in a cause,50Entering allowance of a writ of error,50Taking and approving bond or undertaking on writ of error,50certiorari or appeal,75Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases,50For certificate with seal,100Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll,20Making copies of any process pleadings, records or proceed20		Swearing each witness, Entering claim of each witness for attendance, and giving	25		Calling a jury in each case, Per centage on all moneys actually made and paid to the		
<i>certiorari</i> or appeal, Taking and approving bond or undertaking in other cases, For certificate with seal, Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio, Making copies of any process pleadings, records or proceed: Making a deed of land sold on execution, decree, or order of court, to be paid by the grantee, Biving notice of any general or special election, (besides mileage,) to be paid by the county, Serving notice on each judge of election, (hesides mileage,) to be paid by the county, 50		Taxing costs in a cause, Entering allowance of a writ of error, certiorari, or appeal,			sheriff on execution, order, decree, or sale of property under one thousand dollars		
For certificate with seal, Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio, Making copies of any process pleadings, records or proceed 50 Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll, for each folio, Making copies of any process pleadings, records or proceed 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50		certiorari or appeal,	50		Making a deed of land sold on execution, decree, or order of court, to be paid by the grantee		
Making contes of any process pleadings, records or proceed.		For certificate with seal, Making up a record of the proceedings or judgment roll,			Giving notice of any general or special election, (besides mileage,) to be paid by the county		
		Making copies of any process, pleadings, records or proceed-			to be pard by the county.		

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442	FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.		FEES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHER PERSONS.		443
CHAPTER 1.	For any service which may be rendered by a constable, the same fees as are allowed by law for such services to a constable. For conveying a prisoner under sentence to the penitentiary and delivering him to the warden or keeper thereof, five dollars per day, (besides mileage for himself and prisoner,) for the time actually employed, to be paid out of the territorial treasury.		 Serving a subpœna, or notice, For copy of a summons, or notice, Summoning a jury, Attending the same on trial, Taking bond or other security when required by law, Advertising and selling property, Advertising without selling,	$50 \\ 25 \\ 2 00 \\ 75 \\ 1 00 \\ 1 50 \\ 1 00 $	
Fees of just- ice.	SEC. 8. The fees of justices of the peace shall be as follows: Issuing a summons, or warrant of arrest in a civil or crimi-	en le	Return of execution when no levy is made, Per centage on all sums collected by execution or other pro- cess, and paid over, ten per centum, summoning jury on	50	
	nal case, Issuing a subpœna for one witness, For every additional witness named therein, Issuing writs of attachment or replevin, Issuing any execution, Issuing a venire for a jury, Issuing a writ of restitution, Issuing any search warrant, Warraut of commitment to jail, Taking a bail-bond, recognizance, or other undertaking, Entering amicable suit on docket, Entering amicable suit on docket, Entering an adjournment at the request of either party, Entering a rule of reference, Entering a judgment by confession or default, Entering a judgment opon trial, Entering a discontinuance, or satisfaction, Entering an appeal and certifying the same, or a certiorari to district court, Swearing each witness, juror, or arbitrator, Opening a judgment for re-hearing, Making any order not herein provided, Filing cach paper required by law to be filed, Taxing costs of suit, Taking an affidavit, Taking an affidavit, Taking an acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument in writing, with a certificate thereof, Taking any depositiou, or examination, for each folio,	$\begin{array}{c} 50\\ 25\\ 10\\ 75\\ 50\\ 75\\ 75\\ 75\\ 75\\ 50\\ 25\\ 50\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 1\\ 00\\ 25\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 50\\ 5$	Making out original tax duplicate, for each folio, counting two figures as one word, Making out exhibit of receipts and expenditures of county for past year, for each folio, counting two figures as one word,	2 00 25 05 50 25 1 00 50 50 50 25 20 20 10 00 25 25	Fees of re- corder of deeds.
	 Making a certified copy of any proceedings had before him, for each folio, Performing a marriage ceremony and making return, (exclusive of mileage,) Attending with clerk of commissioners at the opening of poll-books of election, for each day, (exclusive of mileage,) 	25 5 00 3 00	 Making settlement of his, or another person's account with the county, Filing any paper, exhibit or document required by law to be filed in his office, Making certified copy of any proceeding in his office, for each folio, 	50 10 20	97 23
Fees of con- stables.	SEC. 9. The fees of constables shall be as follows:		SEC. 12. The clerks of the several boards of commission- ers shall receive the following fees:	0 0	rees of lerks of commission-
ŝ	Committing defendant to prison,	1 00 1 00 1 00	For each day's attendance at a regular or special session of		TS.

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CHAPTER 1.	Making out any appointment in pursuance of an order of the	\$	cts.
	board, -		50
	For drawing each receipt, -		10
	Each notice of a general or special election delivered to a sheriff,		50
	Opening and examining election returns, and making ab-	9	1
	stract of votes, and copies thereof for each day, -	9	00
	For each certificate of election,	1	25
	For each order for a view of road,	T	00
	Taking bond from a county officer, or from any person re- quired by law to give bond to commissioners,	1	00
	Taking and certifying any oath of a county officer, or other		
	person, -		50
	Administering an oath,		25
	For each deed executed by county commissioners to pur- chasers of county property,	2	00
	For each poll-book delivered to a sheriff, or judges of elec-		
	tion,	1	00
	Issning a license under seal, to keep a grocery, ferry, or to	-	
	peddlers, showmen or any other person, -	1	00
	Entering grant of license on record,		25
	Issuing any writ ordered by the board, or required by law,		50
	Drawing and certifying each list of grand or trial jurors,	1	1.2
	Filing a bond, receipt, bill, order, appointment, resignation, report, deed, affidavit or other paper, required by law to		-
	be put on file,		10
	Reading and entering a petition to view a road, (to be paid by the petitioner,)		50
	Reading and entering a remonstrance against the same, or petition for damages, (to be paid by person making the		
	same,)		50
	Entering appointment of road viewers,		50
	Reading and entering report of road viewers,		50
	Making a settlement of his accounts, or those of any other		
	Notifying each justice of the peace, to attend the opening		50
	and examination of election returns, -		25
	Making a certified copy of commissioners' proceedings, or		20
	parts thereof, for each folio,		20
Fees of ju-			
	For every day's attendance upon the district court as a grand		
	or trial juror,	2	00
	For every juror sworn in a justice's court or before a sheriff,		
	or other officer, upon a writ of inquiry or otherwise,		00
	Each juror sworn upon a corouer's inquest, For each talisman acting as a juror, the same amount per day, as jurors regularly summoned.	2	00.
Fees of wit-	SEC. 14. The fees of witnesses shall be as follows:		
-030.03	For each day's attendauce before the district court,	1	50
	For each day's attendance before a justice of the peace, ar- bitrators, referees, sheriff, coroner or other officer,	1	00

SEC. 15. Every commissioner authorized to take deposi- S cts. CHAPTER 1. tions, shall be entitled to receive the same fees, as are al-Fees of comlowed to justices of the peace for the same services. missioners to take testi-SEC. 16. The fees of notaries public shall be as follows : mony. Fees of notaries public, For every protest of a bill of exchange, or promissory note, 1 00 Attesting any instrument of writing, and seal, 1 00 Noting a bill of exchange or promissory note, for nonacceptance or non-payment, 1 00 Registering protest of bill of exchange, or promissory note. 1 00 Certifying an affidavit, and all other certificates under seal, 1 00 Taking the acknowledgment of any deed, or other instrument in writing, -. . - 1 00 Drawing an affidavit and administering an oath thereon, -1 00 Drawing and taking proof of any legal instrument, each folio, 25 Taking depositions for each folio, -25 For administering an oath or affirmation, 50

SEC. 17. All appraisers of property, taken on a writ of attachment or replevin, persons appointed to assign dower, or make partition of real estate, and all other private persons performing any like services, required by law, or in the execution of legal process, where no express provision is made for compensation, shall be entitled to one dollar and a half for each day so employed, and mileage going and returning, at the rate of ten cents for each mile.

SEC. 18. Each county commissioner shall be entitled to receive resorcounfour dollars per day, for every day necessarily employed in transacting the business of the county, and mileage; any thing in the act relating to county commissioners, passed Jannary, 1854, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 19. Every coroner, sheriff, constable, juror and witness, and sheriff, &c. every other officer and person mentioned in this chapter, who shall be required to travel, in order to execute or perform any public duty, in addition to the fees hereinbefore limited and declared, shall be entitled to mileage, at the rate of ten cents for each mile actually travelled, in going to and returning from the place where the service is performed.

SEC. 20. Mileage for any service by sheriffs and constables, shall **b**. new in all cases, be computed from the court-house, or place of holding computed. court in the county in which the officer performing the service resides. But when two or more persons named in the same writ or process, live in the same direction, mileage fees shall be charged only from the farthest.

SEC. 21. In the counties of Jackson and Coos, the officers men-Additional tioned in this chapter, and all other county officers therein, shall free for Jackson and be entitled to fifty per cent. additional fees, prescribed by law for Coos. officers in the other counties of this territory; but this section shall not be so construed as to increase the fees for mileage in any case, nor the amount of one hundred dollars to be paid judges of probate out of the county treasury.

SEC. 22. When any service shall be performed by any officer of the district court, for which no compensation is provided in this

- CHAPTER 1. chapter, he shall be entitled to such fee as the court in which the service is performed shall determine. When the same is performed by any officer or person not in any district court, such compensation shall be determined by the board of commissioners of the proper county.
- SEC. 23. The term "folio," when used as a measure for comput-Term "folio." ing fees or compensation, shall be construed to mean one hundred words, counting every two figures as one word, and every portion of a folio, when in the whole draft or paper there shall not be a complete folio, and when there shall be any excess over the last folio, shall be computed as a folio.

Officer publish list

SEC. 24. Every officer, whose fees are hereinbefore ascertained and limited, shall publish, and set up in some conspicuous place in of his fees. his office, a fair table of his fees, for the inspection of all persons interested, and a failure or neglect to do so, shall subject the officer so failing or neglecting, to pay a fine of three dollars, for each day that the same shall not be put up, which fine shall be recovered by a civil action, before a justice of the peace, for the use of the proper county.

Allowance of SEC. 25. The allowance of any fees by this chapter, shall not fees herein, apply to any case where special provision is otherwise made by

law for any particular service, but the fees for such service shall apply. be such as are provided by the statute requiring the service, or providing the compensation therefor.

SEC. 26. No judge, justice of the peace, sheriff, constable, clerk, No officer to receive greater fees or other officer mentioned in this chapter, to whom any fees or than berein compensation shall be allowed by law for any service, shall take allowed. or receive any greater fee or reward for such service, but such as

is, or shall be allowed by the laws of this territory.

Ib. Violation misdemeanor.

SEC. 27. A violation of the last section shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and the person guilty shall, upon conviction before a justice of the peace, be fined twenty-five dollars for each illegal fee so taken, one half to be paid to the person suing therefor, and the other balf into the county treasury.

Receipt for

SEC. 28. Every officer, upon receiving any fees for any official fees, when to duty or service shall, if required by the person paying the same, make out and deliver to such person a particular account of such fees, specifying for what they respectively accrued, and shall reccipt the same; and if he neglect or refuse, he shall be liable to pay the party aggrieved twenty-five dollars, to be recovered before a justice of the peace.

Fees witness how entered.

SEC. 29. The clerk of any court of record, shall, on the application of any witness, to have his fees allowed, enter in his fee book, under the style of the cause in which the witness was summoned or recognized, the name of the witness, the number of days be has attended, and the number of miles he had necessarily to travel in consequence of the summons or recognizance, and shall swear the witness to the statement contained in the entry, and witnesses shall claim their attendance at each term of court, as they attend, and not afterwards.

SEC. 30. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

AN ACT RELATING TO ROADS AND FERRIES

CHAPTER I.

ROADS AND FERRIES.

Of Locating County Roads. TITLE I. Of Locating Private Ways. TITLE II. Of the Manner of Locating Territorial Roads. TITLE III. Of Road Supervisors, and their Duties. TITLE IV. Of the Regulation of Ferries. TITLE V.

TITLE I.

Of Locating County Roads.

SEC. 1. All county roads under supervision of commissioners.

2. Application for laying out, altering, &c., roads, to be by petition.

3. Proof of notice to accompany petition.

4. Viewers when and how to be appointed; order of commissioners to viewers.

5. Viewers when to meet; oath of, &c.

6. Report of viewers, what to contain ; proceedings of commissioners on report. 7. Petition for review; commissioners when to grant petition.

S. Report of reviewers to be conclusive.

9. When person conceiving himself to be injured, may complain ; commissioners to appoint persous to assess damages.

10. Commissioners may order damages so assessed to be paid, or refuse to establish road.

11. When appeal may be made from assessment to district court; appeal how tried.

12. When commissioner may order road to be laid out; surveyor how to proceed ; return of survey ; allowance to surveyor and assistants.

13. Return of surveyor to be recorded; width of road.

14. Proceedings when beginning or corner of road becomes uncertain.

15. Petition of land-owner to turn road through other part of his lands; viewers when to be appointed ; their report ; petition when to be allowed.

16. Compensation of viewers; liability for neglect.

17. Bond required of petitioners before view or review given.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oregon, That all county roads shall be under the supervision of Roads under the board of county commissioners of the county, wherein the said supervision roads are located, and no county road shall be hereafter established, stoners. nor shall any such road be altered or vacated in any county in this territory, except by the authority of the board of county commissioners of the proper county.

SEC. 2. All application for laying out, altering, or vacating Applications county roads, shall be by petition to the board of county commis- for tag laying sioners of the proper county, signed by at least twelve householders of the county, residing in the vicinity where said road is to be laid out, altered or vacated, which petition shall specify the place of beginning, the intermediate points, if any, and the place of termination of said road.

SEC. 3. When any petition shall be presented for the action of Ib. To be acthe said board, for the laying out, alteration, or vacation of any with proof of county road, it shall be accompanied by satisfactory proof that notice notice has been given by advertisement posted up at the place of holding the county commissioner's court, and also in three public places in the vicinity of said road, or proposed road, thirty days

TITLB 1.

TITLE 1. previous to the presentation of said petition to the board, notifying all persons concerned, that application will be made to the said board at their session, for laying out, altering, or vacating such road (as the case may be).

viewers. SEC. 4. Upon the presentation of such petition and proof that notice has been given as provided in the last section, the board of commissioners shall appoint three disinterested householders of the county as viewers of said road, and shall issue an order directing said viewers to proceed on a day named in such order, or on their failing to meet on that day within five days thereafter, to view and lay out, alter or vacate such road.

Ib. When to meet, oath,

SEC. 5. The viewers so appointed, after receiving at least five days' previous notice, from one of the petitioners, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the commissioners, or within five days thereafter, and after taking an oath or affirmation before some person authorized to administer oaths, faithfully and impartially to discharge the duties of their appointment, shall forthwith proceed to view the road proposed to be vacated, or to view, select and mark said road as proposed to be laid out, or altered, according to the prayer of the petitioners, or as near the same as in their opinion a good road can be made, at a reasonable expense, taking into consideration the utility, convenience and inconvenience, and expense which will result to individuals as well as to the public, if such road shall be established or altered.

Report viewers. or SEC. 6. The viewers or a majority of them, after having examined or viewed the road proposed to be laid out, altered or vacated, as prescribed in the last section, shall report in writing to the board of commissioners at their next regular session, stating the general face of the country, over which the said road passes, its general necessity and utility, and whether in their opinion said road should be laid out, altered or vacated as prayed for by the petitioners; and if the said viewers, or a majority of them, shall report unfavorably, the said road shall not be laid out, altered or vacated. If such report shall be favorable, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to cause the same to be publicly read, on two different days of the same meeting, and then laid over until their next regular session, and if no application shall be made to them for a review, or alteration of said road, or petition for damages, between the first day of the session at which the report is made, and the second day of their next regular session, the report of the viewers shall be confirmed and adopted.

Petition for review. SEC. 7. When the viewers shall have reported in favor of the prayer of the petitioners, as provided in the preceding section; it shall be lawful for any householder of the county, at any time before such report shall be confirmed and adopted, to apply to the commissioners for a review of said road, by petition signed by at least twelve householders residing in the vicinity of such road, or proposed road, and the commissioners shall, on such petition being presented, and they satisfied that it was just and reasonable, appoint five disinterested householders of the county, to review said road, and shall issue an order to said viewers, directing them to proceed on a day named in such order, or within five days thereafter, to review the same and report thereon. SEC. 8. The viewers so appointed to review such road, or a majority of them, after having received at least five days' previous reviewers of the petitioners for the review, and after taking an viewers of the petitioners for the review, and after taking an oath or affirmation, as prescribed in section five, shall proceed to examine the road or proposed road, viewed by the former viewers, and shall make a report in writing to the board of commissioners at their next regular session, stating their opinion in favor of or against such road, and their reasons for the same; and if the viewers, or a majority of them, be in favor of laying out, altering or vacating such road, as recommended by the former viewers, such report shall be adopted and confirmed by the commissioners, at the same session at which it was received; but if such report be against laying out, altering or vacating such road as recommended by the former viewers, nended by the former viewers, no further proceedings shall be had there on before the commissioners.

SEC. 9. If any person, through whose lands any county road may Provision in be viewed and marked out, shall feel that he would be injured by case of perthe opening of the same, such person may make complaint thereof ing himself aggrieved. in writing, to the board of county commissioners, at any time after the report of the viewers, appointed to review said road, is received, and before the second day of the next regular session of the commissioners; and if such complaint be made, the commissioners shall appoint three disinterested householders of the county, who shall meet at such time as may be designated by the commissioners, or at such time as may be agreed upon by such householders, and after having been duly sworn or affirmed to discharge their duty faithfully and impartially, shall proceed and view said proposed road the whole distance through the premises of the complainant, and assess and determine how much less valuable such premises of the complainant would be rendered by the opening of said road, and they shall report the same in writing to the commissioners, at their next regular meeting thereafter.

SEC. 10. If the commissioners be satisfied that the amount of when comdamages so assessed and determined, is just and equitable, and that may order the proposed road will be of sufficient importance to the public to cause the damages so assessed and determined to be paid by the paid, or recounty, they shall order the same to be paid to the complainant, out of the county treasury : but if, in their opinion, such proposed road is not of sufficient importance to the public, to cause such damages to be paid by the county, they may refuse to establish the same as a public highway, unless the expenses or damages, or such part thereof as the commissioners may think proper, shall be paid by the petitioners.

SEC. 11. Any complainant, who may conceive himself aggrieved Appeal by the assessment of damages as prescribed by the last two sections, court. may, within twenty days after such report is adopted by the commissioners, appeal therefrom to the district court of the proper county, such appeal shall be tried in the district court, in the same manner as appeals from justices of the peace, and if the appellant shall fail to recover a judgment more favorable than the report appealed from, he shall pay all costs of the appeal.

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SEC. 12. When the report of the viewers appointed to view and when comlay out, alter or vacate any road shall be confirmed and adopted, to order